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B.E. / B.Tech. (Part Time) DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, APRIL / MAY 2014

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATIONS ENGINEERING BRANCH

THIRD SEMESTER

PTEC9253 - COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

Time: 3 hr

(REGULATIONS 2009)

Max Mark: 100

(8)

Answer ALL Questions

Part – A (10 X 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1. A 400-Watt carrier is modulated to a depth of 75 percent. Calculate the total power in the modulated wave.
- 2. What is vestigial sideband Modulation? Draw its spectrum.
- 3. An Amplifier operating over the frequency range from 18 to 20 MHz, has a 10K Ω input resistor. What is the rms noise voltage at the input to this amplifier if the ambient temperature is 27°C?
- 4. Define shot noise.
- 5. state Quantization error?
- 6. List the advantages of Pulse code modulation technique.
- 7. What is ISI? Name a technique to reduce ISI.
- 8. Draw the signal-space diagram for coherent binary FSK system.
- 9. What is the function of Pre-emphasis and de-emphasis circuit?
- 10. Draw the noisy receiver model and sketch the idealized characteristic of band -pass filtered noise.

Part – B (5 X 16 = 80 Marks)

| 11. | (i). With neat diagram, explain the operation of Balanced Modulator circuit and derive its output . | | | | |
|------|--|-------|--|--|--|
| (ii) |). Describe the Indirect method generating frequency Modulation technique, with the help of block diagram . | | | | |
| 12. | (a). (i). With suitable sketch, explain the functions of superheterodyne receiver? | (8) | | | |
| | (ii). Discuss the External noises related to the receiver in detail. | (8) | | | |
| | (or) | | | | |
| | (b). (i). Discuss the Noise in a Reactive circuits with relevant diagram. | . (8) | | | |

(ii). Derive the Expression of Noise temperature.

13. (a). Draw the Block diagram of PCM modulator and demodulator and Explain each Block in detail.

(or)

- (b). Explain the Time Division Multiplexing and frequency Division Multiplexing in detail.
- 14. (a). Describe the generation and detection of DPSK in detail.

(or)

- (b). (i). Discuss how coherent detection is used in optimal reception of FSK . (10) (ii). A BPSK signal is received at the input of a coherent optimal receiver with amplitude 10mV and frequency 1MHz. The signal is corrupted with white noise of PSD 10^{-9} W/Hz. If data rate is 10^{4} bits/sec, find error probability, find the error probability if the local oscillator has a phase shift of $\pi/6$ radian with input signal, find error Probability if there is 10% mistiming in bit synchronization while sampling. (6)
- 15.(a). Discuss the noise in FM receivers and derive the figure of merit with relevant diagrams.

(or)

(b). Explain FM threshold effect and FM threshold reduction in detail