

Reg. No. :	
Name :	

## VII Semester B.Tech. Degree (Reg./Suppl./Improv. - Including Part Time) Examination, November 2012 (2007 Admn. Onwards) PT2K6/2K6 EC 704: TELEVISION ENGINEERING

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

## PART - A

Answer all questions.

- 1. What is interlaced scanning? Explain also write the advantages.
- 2. What is a composite video signal? Explain.
- 3. Explain the working principle of plumbicon camera tube.
- 4. Explain about the formation of chrominance signal in PAL system.
- 5. Explain about the swinging burst in PAL system.
- 6. Write the main features of PAL system.
- 7. Briefly explain the working of Digital TV.
- 8. What is DVB? Explain

 $(8 \times 5 = 40)$ 

## PART-B

- 9. a) What is the basis for fixing the no. of scanning lines as 625 in European system? Explain.
- 8
- b) What is VSB transmission? How bandwidth is 7 MHz in India for TV transmission.

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OR

10. a) Why video signals are amplitude modulated and sound signals are frequency modulated in TV system? Explain.

9

b) Differentiate between positive and negative modulation.

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11.	With a neat diagram explain the working of image orthicon camera tube.  OR	15
12.	a) What is Degaussing? Explain with a circuit how auto degaussing can be achieved.	7
	b) Write the main features of PIL picture tube.	8
13.	With a neat block diagram explain the working of PAL coder.  OR	15
14.	<ul><li>a) With a neat block diagram explain the working of NTSC decoder.</li><li>b) What is the basis for choosing I and U colour difference signals in NTSC system? Explain.</li></ul>	10 5
15.	<ul><li>i) DCT based transform coding</li><li>ii) Motion compensation.</li><li>OR</li></ul>	8
16.	What is HDTV? Explain about the different HDTV standards also write the advantages.	15