T-E (IT) Sem V

2215113

## CTNC

AGJ 1st half (d+) 37

Con. 7289-13.

GS-9036

(3 Hours) [Total Marks: 100

- N.B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
  - (2) Attempt any four out of remaining six questions.
  - (3) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Attempt the following (any four):-

2.0

- (a) Explain in details block diagram of Analog and Digital communication system.
- (b) How data, Video, Voice is integrated on single platform?
- (c) What are different types of network topology?
- (d) Explain ISO-OSI layered architecture in detail.
- (e) What is the importance of logical layers in Telecommunications Management Networks (TMN)?
- 2. (a) What are different data multiplexing techniques used in cellular system?

10

- (b) Explain modulator and demodulator used in Binary Phase Shift Keying (BPSK). What 10 is probability of error?
- 3. (a) What are the typical characteristics of connection-oriented and connection-less service? 10 What are merits and demerits of each?
  - (b) Compare the four transfer modes viz. Circuit switching, Virtual circuit switching, Cell 10 switching, Routing switching on the following aspects with proper reasoning:
    - (i) Nature of connection
    - (ii) Resource reservation
    - (iii) Resource utilization
    - (iv) Reliability
    - (v) Ability to carry voice.
- 4. (a) Explain the following flow control mechanisms:

10

- (i) Window based flow control
- (ii) Rate based flow control.
- (b) What is the difference between shared memory and shared medium buffering 10 architecture?
- 5. (a) How call is established and released in the ISDN? Also describes the protocol stack 10 for ISDN.
  - (b) What is traffic contract management? What are its key elements?

10

[TURN OVER

2

- 6. (a) What is need for Network Management? Differentiate between the TMN functional 10 architecture and TMN physical architecture.
  - (b) Explain in detail GSM architecture. State merits and demerits of GSM cellular system. 10
- 7. Write short notes on any four:

20

- (a) Kerberos
- (b) 3G UMTS Network
- (c) Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM)
- (d) Bluetooth technology
- (e) Error correction and detection methods.