

**8E4014**

Roll No. : \_\_\_\_\_

Total Printed Pages : **4****8E4014****B. Tech. (Sem. VIII) (Main/Back) Examination, April/May - 2011**  
**Computer**  
**8CS1 Information System and Securities**Time : **3 Hours**][Total Marks : **80**[Min. Passing Marks : **24**

*Attempt any five questions, selecting one question from each unit. All questions carry equal marks. (Schematic diagrams must be shown wherever necessary.) Any data you feel missing suitably be assumed and stated clearly, Units of quantities used/calculated must be stated clearly.*

Use of following supporting material is permitted during examination.  
(Mentioned in form No. 205)

1. Nil2. Nil**UNIT - I**

- 1 (a) In column A, given are the security services whereas column B. Lists the security mechanisms. Prepare a table showing which mechanism(s) provide each service.

**Column A**

Peer Entity Authentication

Date origin Authentication

Access Control

Confidentiality

Traffic flow confidentiality

Data integrity

Non. repidration

Availability

**Column B**

Encipherment

Digital signatures

Authentication

Traffic padding

Routing control

Notarization

Message authentication

File permissions (as in unix)

More than one mechanism may provide the requested service.

**6**

8E4014]



1

[Contd...

(b) List the mechanism(s) employed to thwart the following attacks :

- (i) Release of message contents.
- (ii) Traffic analysis
- (iii) Masquerade
- (iv) Replay
- (v) Modification of messages
- (vi) Denial of service.

Also explain each attack in not more than two sentences each.

3+3=6

(c) Explain the various types of cryptanalytic attacks and arrange these attacks in increasing complexity order.

4

OR

1 (a) In Braytair cipher, the key is "MONARCHY". Encipher the word "PLAINTEXT BOOK" using the system.

8

(b) A host connects to an AIM network, sets up a logical connection to another host and is prepared to transfer data to that host. The data is in the form of packets.

The user is to devise a suitable encryption system whether to use link encryption or end-to-end encryption or both. Suggest a suitable encryption scheme and analyze the solution against possible threats.

4+4=8

UNIT - II

2 (a) If  $x_1, x_2$  and  $x_3$  are three consecutive numbers, one of them is divisible by 3. Prove it.

4

(b) Using the Euclidean algorithm, find (i) gcd (3076, 1776) and (ii) express gcd as a linear combination of 3076 and 1776.

4

(c) Prove that no prime of the form  $4n+3$  can be expressed as sum of two squares.

4

(d) let  $a \equiv b \pmod{m}$  and  $c \equiv d \pmod{m}$  then (i)  $a+c \equiv (b+d) \pmod{m}$  and (ii)  $ac \equiv bd \pmod{m}$ . Prove.

4

OR

8E4014]



2

[Contd...

- 2 (a) Find the remainder when  $16^{53}$  is divided by 7. Use the properties of congruences. 5
- (b) Product of 4 consecutive integers is divisible by 12. Prove it. 5
- (c) Find the remainder when  $245^{1040}$  is divided by 18. 3
- (d) Show that Diffie – Hellman key exchange algorithm results in the same key. 3

### UNIT – III

- 3 (a) Explain the terms (i) external error control and (ii) internal error control in messages. Draw neat diagrams to illustrate the two. Also compare the two schemes. 2+3+1=6
- (b) Level of effort for brute force attack on a MAC algorithm is  $\min(2^k, 2^n)$  where  $k$  is length of key and  $n$  is the length of MAC. Justify the statement. 10

OR

- 3 Given below a scheme for distribution of secret key using KDC.

Message No.	From – to	Message
1	$A \rightarrow KDC$	$ID_A \parallel ID_B$
2	$KDC \rightarrow A$	$E(k_a, [k_s \parallel ID_B \parallel T \parallel E(k_b, [k_s \parallel ID_A \parallel T])])$
3	$A \rightarrow B$	$E(k_b, [k_s \parallel ID_A \parallel T])$
4	$B \rightarrow A$	$E(k_s, N_1)$
5	$A \rightarrow B$	$E(K_s, f(N_1))$

Where  $E(K, M)$  represents encryption of  $M$  using  $K$  as key. Analyze the above algorithm against replay attack. Suggest remedy if found to be vulnerable against replay attack.

16



## UNIT - IV

- 4 (a) In PGP, a user is allowed to have multiple public key/private key pair and can use any pair for communication at any time. Explain the method of communicating to the receiver which pair has been used for encryption. Also draw general format of a PGP message as sent by a sender.

6+4=10

- (b) What is the role of certificate revocation list in X-509 authentication service ? - Explain.

6

OR

- 4 (a) Explain the technical deficiencies in Kerberos 4. How these were removed in version 5 ? - Discuss.

6

- (b) What purpose(s) are served by employing X-509. (i) One way (ii) two-way and (iii) three way authentication procedures. Also draw suitable diagrams for the three procedures with details of messages exchanged.

4+6=10

## UNIT - V

- 5 (a) How IPsec benefits in improving security of routing applications ? - Discuss.

6

- (b) Explain the procedures used in IPsec for protection against  
(i) Replay attack  
(ii) Message modification.  
Draw suitable diagrams.

5+5=10

OR

- 5 (a) In ISAKMP, cookies are exchanged for prevention against clagging attacks, list the basic requirements required to be satisfied by cookie generation method.

6

- (b) Write short notes on the following :  
(i) Handshake protocol (SSL)  
(ii) Trusted systems.

5+5=10

