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V Semester B.Com. Examination, November/December 2015 (Semester Scheme) (2014-15 and Onwards) (F+R) COMMERCE

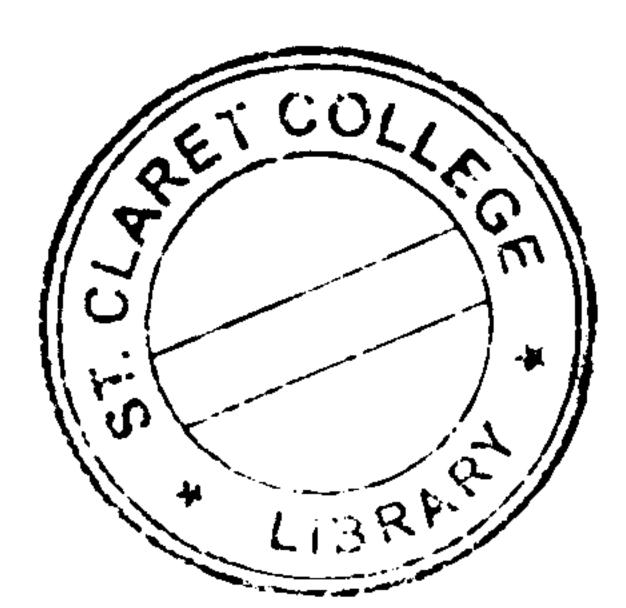
Paper – 5.5: Elective – 1: Advanced Accounting (Paper – I)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

Instruction: Answers should be completely written either in Kannada or in English.

SECTION - A

- Answer any ten of the following sub-questions. Each correct answer carries
 2 marks. (10×2=20)
 - a) Give the definition of statutory reserve.
 - b) How do you treat the following in bank final accounts
 - i) Gold
 - ii) Silver.
 - c) Give two examples of contingent liabilities in banking companies.
 - d) What do you mean by reinsurance?
 - e) What is meant by reserve for unexpired risks?
 - f) What is surrender value of life policy?
 - g) What is reinsurance accepted?
 - h) Write any two objectives of farm accounting.
 - i) State the methods of inflation accounting.
 - j) Mention any four items under schedule 5 of banking company accounts.
 - k) What are non-banking assets?
 - I) Mention any four items of benefits paid by life insurance company.





SECTION - B

Answer any four of the following questions. Each correct answer carries 8 marks.

 $(4 \times 8 = 32)$

- 2. Write short notes on:
 - i) Rebate on bills discounted
 - ii) Classification of farm activities
 - iii) Non-performing assets
 - iv) Direct business.
- 3. Analysis of bills discounted by Indian Bank as on 31-3-2015 is as follows:

Amount of the bill	Due date of the bill	Rate of interest
Rs. 2,40,000	6 th June 2015	9% P.A.
Rs. 4,00,000	12 th June 2015	10% P.A.
Rs. 3,50,000	6 th July 2015	8% P.A.
Rs. 5,00,000	5 th August 2015	7% P.A.

Calculate rebate on bills discounted as on 31-3-2015.

4. A company has the following monetary items on January 1, 2013.

		Rs.
Debtors		41,000
Bills receivables		10,000
Cash		20,000
		71,000
	Rs.	
Less: Bills payable	10,000	
Creditors	25,000	35,000
	t	36,000

The following are the transactions affecting monetary items during the year:

- a) Sales of Rs. 1,40,000 (made evenly throughout the year)
- b) Purchases of goods Rs. 1,05,000 (made evenly throughout the year)
- c) Operating expenses of Rs. 35,000 (incurred evenly throughout the year)
- d) One machine was sold for Rs. 18,000 on July 1, 2013
- e) One machine was purchased for Rs. 25,000 on December 31, 2013.

300



The general price index was as follows:

On January 1, 2013

Average for the year 2013 350

On July 1, 2013 360

On December 31, 2013 400

You are required to compute the general purchasing power, gain or loss, for the year.

5. On 1st January 2014, HP Ltd., purchased 1,000, 15% debentures of Reliance Ltd., of Rs. 100 each at Rs. 96 each. On 1st July 2014, 50% of debentures were sold at Rs. 99 each. Debenture interest is payable half-yearly on 30th June and 31st December.

Show 15% debentures in Reliance Ltd., account in the books of HP Ltd., assuming that the accounting year closes on 31st December. Market price of a debenture as on 31st December 2014 is Rs. 98.

6. The following relates to a Life Insurance Corporation for the year ended 31-3-2015.

	Rs.
Premium received during the year	22,66,000
Bonus in reduction of premium for 2014-15	14,000
Outstanding premium on 1-4-2014	1,74,000
Outstanding premium on 31-3-2015	2,18,000
Premium received in advance on 1-4-2014	65,000
Premium received in advance on 31-3-2015	53,000
Re-insurance premium received for 2014-15	2,30,000

Calculate the amount of premium to be shown under schedule-1 of Life Insurance Company Accounts.



SECTION - C

Answer any three of the following questions. Each correct answer carries (3×16=48)

7. From the following particulars prepare Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31-3-2015 and Balance Sheet as on that date of Barnali Bank Ltd.

Particulars	Dr.	Cr.
	Rs.	Rs.
Share capital: 1,00,000 shares of		
Rs. 10 each Rs. 5 paid up		5,00,000
Reserve fund		10,00,000
Fixed deposits		20,00,000
Savings Bank deposits		30,00,000
Current accounts		70,00,000
Borrowings from other banks	**************************************	2,00,000
Investments	30,00,000	
Premises	12,00,000	
Cash in hand	60,000	
Cash at Bank	28,00,000	
Money at call and short notice	3,00,000	
Interest accrued and paid	2,00,000	
Salaries	80,000	
Rent	30,000	
Profit and loss account (1-4-2014)		1,60,000
Interest earned		4,50,000
Bills discounted	5,00,000	
Bills payable		8,00,000
Loans, advances, overdrafts	70,00,000	
Unclaimed dividends		30,000
Sundry creditors		30,000
	1,51,70,000	1,51,70,000

The bank had the bills for Rs. 14,00,000 as collection for its constituents and also, acceptances and endorsements for them amounting to Rs. 4,00,000.



8. Following Trial Balance was extracted from the books of Vivek Life Insurance Company Ltd., as on 31st March 2015.

Particulars	Dr.	Cr.
	Rs.	Rs.
Paid-up share capital of Rs. 10 each		1,00,000
Life Assurance Fund on 1 st April 2014		29,72,300
Bonus to policyholders	31,500	
Premium received		1,61,500
Claims paid	1,97,000	
Commission paid	9,300	
Management expenses	32,300	,
Mortgages in India	4,92,200	
Interest and dividends received		1,12,700
Agents balances	9,300	
Freehold premises	40,000	
Investments	23,05,000	
Loans on company's policies	1,73,600	
Cash on deposits	27,000	
Cash in hand and current account	7,300	
Surrenders	7,000	
Dividend paid	15,000	
	33,46,500	33,46,500

You are required to prepare the company's Revenue Account for the year as on 31st March 2015 and its Balance Sheet as on that date after taking following matters into consideration:

- a) Claims admitted but not paid Rs. 9,000
- b) Management expenses due Rs. 2,000
- c) Interest accrued Rs. 19,300
- d) Premium outstanding Rs. 10,000
- e) Bonus utilised in reduction of premium Rs. 2,000
- f) Claims covered under reinsurance Rs. 2,300.

9. Following balances are extracted from the books of United Insurance Company Ltd. as on 31-3-2015.

Particulars	Fire	Marine
	Rs.	Rs.
Claims paid	1,00,000	87,000
Premium	3,74,000	2,97,000
Commission on reinsurance ceded	13,000	
Commission	62,000	51,000
Expenses of management	86,000	68,000
Reserve for unexpired risks on 1-4-2014	2,10,000	2,40,000
Additional reserve on 1-4-2014	60,000	10,000
Claims outstanding on 1-4-2014	24,000	11,000
Premium outstanding on 1-4-2014	26,000	17,000
Depreciation on assets	36,000	
Loss on sale of investments	8,000	
Audit fees	13,000	
Directors remuneration	36,000	
Interest and dividend received	63,000	

Additional information:

- i) Premium outstanding on 31-3-2015
 - Fire Rs. 33,000; Marine Rs. 15,000
- ii) Claims outstanding on 31-3-2015
 - Fire Rs. 46,000; Marine Rs. 17,000
- iii) An fire claim amounting to Rs. 11,000 was recovered by reinsurance.
- iv) Reserve for unexpired risks to be maintained at 50% for fire insurance and 100% for Marine Insurance on Net Premium.
- v) Additional reserve for fire insurance to be maintained at 20% net premium.
- vi) Interest accrued on investments Rs. 13,000.

Prepare Revenue Accounts for both Fire Insurance and Marine Insurance and profit and loss account for the year ended 31-3-2015.



10. From the following Trial Balance and additional information, prepare crop and Livestock Accounts and final accounts of Chethana farm house for the year ending 31st March 2014.

Particulars	Dr.	Cr.
	Rs.	Rs.
Opening stock on 1-4-2013:		
Live stock	3,75,000	
– Paddy	1,50,000	
- Cattle feed	27,500	
– Fertilizers	12,500	*****
- Seeds	7,500	
Capital :		11,00,000
Land and buildings	6,87,500	
Form equipments	3,75,000	
Debtors and creditors	52,500	65,000
Bank balance	21,250	-
Cash in hand	18,250	
Outstanding general expenses		11,000
Purchases:		
Live stock	75,000	
Cattle feed	1,50,000	
– Fertilizers	40,000	
– Seeds	14,500	
Expenses:		
– Crop	1,36,000	
Live stock	31,250	
– general	29,250	
Sales:		
Live stock	··	1,20,000
– Paddy		5,39,000
– Milk		3,98,000
Repairs and maintenance	30,000	
	22,33,000	22,33,000



Additional information:

i) Closing stock on 31-3-2014:

	Rs.
Live stock	3,30,000
- Paddy	75,000
- Cattle feed	15,000
- Fertilizers	8,750
-Seed	6,750

- ii) Depreciate: Land and buildings at 4% p.a., farm equipments at 10% p.a.
- iii) The owner withdrew Milk Rs. 15,000 and paddy Rs. 24,000 for personal use.