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**[4966]-4003**

**M.C.A. (Com. Faculty) (Fourth Semester) EXAMINATION, 2016**

**403 : DISTRIBUTED DATABASE SYSTEM**

**(CREDIT SYSTEM)**

**(2013 PATTERN)**

**Time : Three Hours**

**Maximum Marks : 50**

**N.B. :—** (i) *All* questions are compulsory.

(ii) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

(iii) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.

**1. Attempt any seven :**

[7×2=14]

(a) State the 3-dimensions based on which the architectural models for a DDB is defined.

(b) Define transparency in DDBS. State the types of transparencies.

(c) A relation is most appropriate unit of fragmentation. Comment.

(d) Define the following :

(i) Dirty read

(ii) Non-repeatable read.

(e) Define fault. State different types of faults.

(f) State *four* different alternatives for implementing LRM algorithms.

(g) State different steps in query decomposition.

(h) State correctness rules of fragmentation.

P.T.O.

2. Attempt any *three* : [3×4=12]

- (a) Define allocation problem. Give the information requirement for the same.
- (b) Explain different components of a DDBMS.
- (c) Explain failures DDBMS.
- (d) Explain layers of query processing.

3. Attempt any *three* : [3×4=12]

- (a) What is a workflow ? Explain the different types of workflows.
- (b) Explain two-phase locking protocol.
- (c) Explain features of distributed Vs. centralized databases.
- (d) Write short notes on the following :
  - (i) Hierarchical deadlock detection
  - (ii) Distributed deadlock detection.

4. Attempt any *three* : [3×4=12]

- (a) Let  $a = \{a_1, a_2, a_3\}$  be set of queries,  $A = \{A_1, A_2, A_3\}$  be set of attributes &  $S = \{S_1, S_2\}$  be a set of sites. The matrix (i) describes the attributes usage values and the matrix (ii) gives application access frequency.

Assume that  $reFi(qk) = 1$  for all  $qk$  at  $Si$ . Use bond energy algorithm and vertical partitioning algorithm to obtain vertical fragmentation of set of attributes in A.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{matrix} & A_1 & A_2 & A_3 \\
 q_1 & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\
 q_2 & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\
 q_3 & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{matrix}
 &
 \begin{matrix}
 & S_1 & S_2 \\
 q_1 & \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\
 q_2 & \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 20 \end{bmatrix} \\
 q_3 & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 30 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{matrix}
 \end{array}$$

(i)

- (b) Draw the query graph for the following query and check whether the query is semantically correct :

```

Selct ename, pname
From emp, asg, proj
Where asg. dur <24
and emp. eno = asg. eno
and emp.title = 'Manager'
and asg. pno = proj. pno

```

- (c) Consider the following query and transform it into optimized operator tree using the restructuring algorithm.

```

select pay.sal, emp.ename
from emp, proj, asg, pay
where emp.eno = asg. eno
and emp.title = pay.title
and asg.pno = proj.pno
and (proj.budget > 250000 or asg.dur <24)

```

- (d) Draw an operator tree for the following query :

```

select emp.name
from emp,dept
wehre emp. sex = 'Male'
and dept. budget > 400000
and emp.dno = dept.dno

```

The dept relation is fragmented horizontally as,

dept 1 =  $\sigma_{\text{budget} < 400,00}$  (dept)

dept 2 =  $\sigma_{\text{budget} \geq 400,000}$  (dept)

The emp relation is fragmented using derived horizontal fragmentation as :

emp1 = emp  $\bowtie$  dept1

emp 2 = emp  $\bowtie$  dept2

Convert the operator tree to generic tree and then reduce it.