| N.B. : | (2) | Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any four question from remaining. Assume suitable data wherever required but justify the same. | |
|-----------|----------|---|----------|
| Q.1 | A. | Explain generalized measurement system elements with block diagram and with function of each. Also identify various elements of a measurement system involving thermocouple for monitoring temperature of a chemical process. | 08 |
| | B. | Define the following: i) Drift ii) Span iii) Range iv) Limits | 06 |
| | C. | v) Deviation vi) Tolerance Explain the purpose of sine bar, its limitations and precautions to be taken while using it. | 06 |
| Q.2 | A. | What are desired, modifying and interfering inputs? Explain with example of each. Also suggest the methods to minimize the effect of modifying and interfering inputs. | 08 |
| | B. | While measuring the speed of a steam turbine with a stroboscope, stationary images were observed for the three consecutive stroboscope settings of 3000, 4000 and 5250 flashes per minute. Calculate the rotational speed of turbine. | 07 |
| Q.3 | C. A. | Write a note on wringing of slip gauges. A resistor has a normal value of $10\Omega \pm 0.1\%$. A voltage, V is applied across the resistor of resistance R and the power consumed is calculated in two ways, 1) $P = V^2/R$ 2) $P = V.I$ where I is the current passing through the circuit. Calculate the uncertainty and power consumed in each case when the measured values of V and I are $V=100$ Volt $\pm 1\%$, $I=10$ Amp $\pm 1\%$. Comment on result. | 05 10 |
| | B. | Define fit and classify it depending upon the actual limits of hole or shaft. Give example of each type of fit. | 06 |
| | C. | Explain the stroboscopic method of angular velocity measurement. | 04 |
| Q.4 | A. | Calculate the dimensions of plug and ring gauges to control the production of 50 mm shaft and hole pair of H ₇ d ₈ as per I.S. specification. The following | 10 |
| | | assumptions may be made: 50 mm lies in diameter step of 30 and 50 mm and the upper deviation for shaft 'd' is given by $-16 D^{0.44}$ and lower deviation for | |
| | | hole 'H' is zero. Tolerance unit in microns is $i = 0.45\sqrt[3]{(D+0.001D)}$ and $IT6 = 10i$ and above $IT6$ grade the tolerance magnitude is multiplied by 10 at each fifth step. | |
| | B. | Define gauge factor of a strain gauge and also derive an expression for it. | 10 |
| Q.5 | A. | Explain the followings: | 12 |
| · Parkers | i be | i) Piezoelectric pressure sensors. ii) Bridgman gauge iii) Pyrometers. | |
| The State | В. | Explain in brief various possible types of errors on gears. Also explain with neat sketch the use of Parkinson gear tester. | 08 |
| Q.6 | | Explain following forms of thread gauges, i) Plug screw gauges ii) Ring screw gauges. iii) Caliper gauges. | 09 |
| | B. | Write notes on thermodynamic temperature scale and IPTS. | 05 |
| Q.7 | C. A. | What are the different types of errors encountered in a measurement system? Write notes on any four of the followings: i) Thermal conductivity gauge for vacuum measurement. | 06 20 |
| | | ii) Nozzle flapper transducer.iii) Tachogenerators.iv) Auto-collimator. | |

v) Strain gauge based accelerometer.