	Utech
<i>Name</i> :	
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Invigilator's Signature :	

2011

ENGINEERING PHYSICS

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any *ten* of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

i) In a perfectly inelastic collision between two equal masses (m), where one of the bodies with a velocity u collides with the other at rest, the change in K.E. of the system is

a)
$$\frac{mu^2}{2}$$

b)
$$-\frac{mu^2}{2}$$

c)
$$\frac{mu^2}{4}$$

d)
$$-\frac{mu^2}{4}$$

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- ii) The number of degrees of freedom for a system particles with *K* holonomic constraint is
 - a) $2N K^2$
- b) N-K

c) N-3K

- d) 3N-K.
- iii) The Hamiltonian remains conserved for a system where
 - a) the lagrangian is independent of mass
 - b) the lagrangian is independent of velocity
 - c) the lagrangian is independent of energy
 - d) the lagrangian is independent of time.
- iv) Two perpendicular SHMs with equal time periods but different amplitude are superposed. If the phase difference between these oscillation is 45°, then they form a
 - a) circle

b) straight line

c) ellipse

- d) parabola.
- v) The P.E. of a particle executing SHM of amplitude a is equal to its K.E. where displacement of the particle is
 - a) $\pm a$

b) $\pm \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}$

c) $\pm \frac{a}{2}$

- d) $\pm \frac{a}{4}$.
- vi) When the centre of mass is in uniform motion
 - a) total external force acting on the system increases with time
 - b) total external force acting on the system is zero
 - c) total extent force acting on the system is constant
 - d) total external force acting on the system decreases with time.

- vii) Displacement current through an ideal capacitor
 - is greater than conduction current
 - b) is less than conduction current
 - is equal to conduction current c)
 - none of these. d)
- viii) The significance of divB = 0 (B is the magnetic field of induction) is that
 - magnetic monopole can exist a)
 - b) magnetic monopole cannot exist
 - none of these c)
 - electric dipole can exist.
- The force of attraction between two long parallel current ix) carrying wires in a magnetic field B separated by a distance r is

 - a) $B = \mu_0 I_1 I_2 / 2\pi r$ b) $B = \mu_0 I_1 I_2 / 2\pi r^2$
 - c) $B = \mu_0 I_1 I_2 / 2r^2$ d) none of these

where I_1 and I_2 are parallel current.

- x) If a charge +q is accelerated through the potential V, then kinetic energy of it, is
 - $aV^2/2$ a)
- b) qV^2
- qV

- d) none of these.
- Electric field due to a uniformly charged sphere (having xi) charge density $\boldsymbol{\rho}$) at an external point is

 - a) $E = R^3 \rho / 2 \epsilon_0 r^2$ b) $E = R^2 \rho / 3 \epsilon_0 r^2$
 - c) $E = R^3 \rho / 3 \varepsilon_0 r^2$ d) none of these.



- xii) The projection of the vector A = i 2j + k on the vector B = 4i 4j + 7k is
 - a) 18/5

b) 19/9

c) 9/19

- d) none of these.
- xiii) If $\varphi = 1/r$ the value of grad φ will be
 - a) r/r

b) $-r/r^{3}$

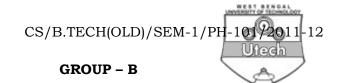
c) r/r^3

- d) none of these.
- xiv) Relaxation time is the time in which the amplitude A of the damped oscillator falls to
 - a) $\frac{A}{e}$

b) Ae

c) iAe

- d) none of these.
- xv) Which of the following is not a scalar field?
 - a) Displacement of mosquito in space
 - b) Light intensity in a room
 - c) Temperature of a day
 - d) Humidity of Hooghly.
- xvi) Which of the following is not valid?
 - a) $\vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} + \vec{c}) = \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} + \vec{a} \cdot \vec{c}$
 - b) $\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} + \vec{c}) = \vec{a} \times \vec{b} + \vec{a} \times \vec{c}$
 - c) $\vec{a} \bullet (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) = \vec{b} \bullet (\vec{a} \times \vec{c})$
 - d) none of these.



Answer any three of the following

(Short Answer Type Questions)

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 2. For a harmonic oscillator of mass m and natural frequency $F_0 \cos \omega t$ and damping proportional to p times the velocity of the oscillator, write its amplitude and displacement and show at velocity resonance velocity is in phase with the driving force ? (No need to calculate amplitude and displacement, only write the values).
- 3. What do you mean by Lagrangian of the system ? Find the Lagrangian and Lagrange's equation of motion for electrical circuit containing inductance L and capacitance C. 1 + 4
- 4. State and prove Gauss's law in electrostatics. Derive the expression of its differential form. 3 + 2
- 5. a) A square loop wire of edge a carries a current I. Show that the value of the magnetic induction B at the centre of the loop is given by $B = \left(2\sqrt{2}\mu_0 I\right)/\pi a$
 - b) If the vector potential $A = (x^2 + y^2 z^2)j$ at position (x, y, z) find the magnetic field at (1, 1, 1). 3 + 2
- 6. a) Find an equation for the plane perpendicular to the vector A = 2i + 3j + 6k, and passing through the terminal point of the vector B = i + 5j + 3k.
 - b) In the above problem find the distance from the origin to the plane. 3 + 2

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.



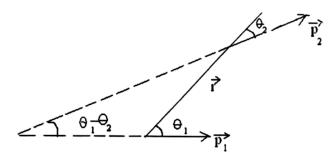
- 7. a) Establish the differential equation of damped harmonic motion, explaining each term. Solve the equation for underdamped motion and show that the amplitude of vibration decreases exponentially with time.
 - b) State the algebraic relation how the displacement is related to time in case of a damped harmonic motion. Derive the relation between the damping constant and logarithmic decrement. (3+5+3)+4
- 8. a) From the Hamiltonian, Lagrangian and Lagrange's equation for a system, derive the Hamilton's canonical equation of motion.
 - b) What is cyclic coordinates? Show that if a given coordinate is cyclic in the Lagrangian then it is also cyclic in the Hamiltonian.
 - c) Write down the Lagrangian of a simple pendulum and explain each term. Hence obtain the equation of motion.

$$5 + (1 + 4) + 5$$

- 9. a) For a two body system, show that the velocity of the centre of mass is conserved when the total force is zero.
 - b) What is generalized coordinate and generalized force?
 - c) What is sharpness of resonance? Derive the differential equation of progressive wave.
 - d) Derive the expression for magnetic field for straight current carrying conductor at external point.

5 + 2 + 3 + 5

- 10. a) Derive an expression for the electric field and potential for an electric dipole at an external point from the dipole.
 - b) Derive the expression of the potential energy of one dipole placed in the field of another.
 - c) A dipole of moment p_1 is fixed at the origin of coordinates. Another coplanar dipole of moment p_2 is placed at the position r and is free to rotate. Show that for equilibrium $\tan\theta_1=-2\tan\theta_2$, where θ_1 and θ_2 are the angles that r makes with p_1 and p_2 respectively.



8 + 2 + 5

11. Define current density. Derive the equation of continuity. What is drift velocity? State Ampere's Law. Derive the expression of its differential form. Derive an expression for the magnetic induction *B* for a solenoid.

An electron of energy 1000eV describes a circle in field of magnetic induction 0.02 tesla. Calculate the radius of circle.

Given e/m of electron = 1.76×10^{11} coulomb/kg.

$$1 + 3 + 1 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 3$$

- 12. a) Find the angle between the surfaces $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$ and $z = x^2 + y^2 3$ at the point (2, -1, 2).
 - b) Evaluate $\iint A.n \, dS$, where A = 18zi 12j + 3yk and S is that part of the plane 2x + 3y + 6z = 12, which is located in the first octant.
 - c) When a vector is called solenoidal?

5 + 8 + 2

Data given:

Electronic charge , $q_e = 1\cdot 6\times 10^{-9}$ coulomb Electronic mass, $m_e = 9\cdot 1\times 10^{-31}$ kg.
