

Unit - V

5. a) What do you mean by polarization? What are the types of it?
- b) Define plane wave and uniform plane wave.
- c) Show that characteristic impedance free space is $120\pi\Omega$.
- d) Prove that $P = E \times H$ where P is Poynting vector in watts/m³; E and H are electric and magnetic field respectively.

OR

The electric field intensity associated with a uniform plane wave travelling in free space is given by $E = 10\cos(2\pi \times 10^7 t - \beta z) \mathbf{a}_x$ V/m. Find expression for H field. What is direction of propagation of this wave? What is value of β .

Roll No .

EE - 402**B.E. IV Semester**

Examination, June 2015

Electro-Magnetic Theory*Time : Three Hours**Maximum Marks : 70*

- Note:* i) Answer five questions. In each question part A, B, C is compulsory and D part has internal choice.
- ii) All parts of each questions are to be attempted at one place.
- iii) All questions carry equal marks, out of which part A and B (Max.50 words) carry 2 marks, part C (Max.100 words) carry 3 marks, part D (Max.400 words) carry 7 marks.
- iv) Except numericals, Derivation, Design and Drawing etc.

Unit - I

- a) Define Gaussian surface.
- b) Write down the values of the electric field intensity in a case of point, line, sheet and volume charge density.
- c) Give physical significance of the term divergence.
- d) Show that the integral of normal component of any vector field over a closed surface is equal to the integral of divergence of this vector field throughout the volume enclosed by the closed surface.

OR

Transform the vector field $F = 2r \cos\Phi \mathbf{a}_r + \mathbf{a}_\Phi$ into Cartesian coordinates and evaluate it at $P(4, -2, 3)$. Also find a unit vector \mathbf{a}_F at P .

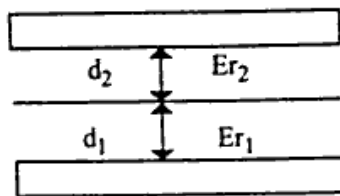
Unit - II

2. a) What is an 'electric dipole' and its 'dipole moment'.
- b) Derive for the Laplace's equation starting from the point form of Gauss's law.
- c) Determine whether or not following potential field satisfies Laplace's equation. Justify your answer.
 $V = 10 \sigma \Phi z$ volts.
- d) Show that the energy stored in electric field is given by :

$$W_E = \frac{1}{2} \int_{vol} \rho_v V dv.$$

OR

Find out a capacitance of parallel plate capacitor as shown in the figure contains two dielectric layer where $\epsilon_{r1} = 2$, $d_1 = 5$ mm, and $\epsilon_{r2} = 5$, $d_2 = 10$ mm



Unit - III

3. a) State Biot-Savart's law.
- b) State ampere circuital law as applied to steady magnetic field.
- c) Define the term \vec{B} , \vec{H} , current density J and surface current density K .

- d) A filamentary current of 10 A is directed in from infinity to origin on the +ve x-axis and the back to infinity along the +ve y axis. Use Biot-Savart's law to find H at $P(0,0,1)$.

OR

Derive for the field at any point P due to long current carrying straight conductor.

Unit - IV

4. a) Define scalar magnetic potential and explain it simplifies the solution of magnetic fields.
- b) What is Lorentz force equation.
- c) State Maxwell's equation in the differential form for time varying fields.
- d) What is meant by displacement current density? Derive continuity equation for time varying field.

OR

In the wired square loop as shown below carrying 2mA current and loop is in $Z = 0$ plane. Calculate total force on the loop due to this.

