

Invigilator's Signature :

CS/B.Tech/CSE/IT/NEW/SEM-4/CS-401/2013 2013 COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING AND CODING THEORY

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP – A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct answers for the following : $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) The higher modulating frequency used in AM broadcast system is
 - a) 10 kHz b) 15 kHz
 - c) 5 kHz d) 2 MHz.

ii) The maximum power efficiency of an AM modulator is

- a) 25% b) 50%
- c) 75% d) 100%.
- iii) A PWM signal can be generated by
 - a) a monostable multivibrator
 - b) an astable multivibrator
 - c) integrating the PPM signal
 - d) differentiating the PPM signal.

[Turn over

4202



iv) Pulse width of modulation is a process whereby

- a) the position of a pulse is changed as a function of the sampled value
- b) the sampled value is first coded and then transmitted
- c) the width of a pulse is varied as a function of the sampled value
- d) none of these.
- v) An angle-modulated signal is expressed by

$$f(t) = \cos (2 \times 10^8 \pi t + 75 \sin 2 \times 10^3 \pi t)$$

The peak frequency deviation of the carrier will be

- a) 1 kHz b) 7.5 kHz
- c) 75 kHz d) 100 MHz.
- vi) In QAM both identities are varied.
 - a) amplitude and phase b) frequency and phase
 - c) bit rate and phase d) baud rate and phase.
- vii) The use of non-uniform quantization leads to
 - a) reduction in transmission BW
 - b) increase in max. SNR
 - c) increase in SNR for low level signals
 - d) simplification of quantization process.
- viii) The baud rate in binary transmission is
 - a) always equal to the bit rate
 - b) equal to twice the BW of an ideal channel
 - c) not equal to signalling rate
 - d) equal to one half of the BW of ideal channel.
- ix) Which multiplexing technique transmits digital signals?
 - a) FDM b) TDM
 - c) WDM d) both (a) and (b).
- x) The Nyquist rate of sampling for the signal

 $x(t) = \sin c (200 t) + \sin c^2 (200 t)$ is

- a) 200 b) 400
- c) 300 d) 250.



- 2. Discuss the relative merits and demerits of ASK, PSK and FSK.
- Determine the power content of the carrier and each of the sidebands for an AM signal having the modulation index 0.8 and the total power of 2500 watt.
- 4. Explain both transmitting and receiving systems of TDM.
- 5. What is non uniform quantization ?

Define the following :

(i) μ-Law compounding	
-----------------------	--

- (ii) A-Law compounding. 1 + 2 + 2
- 6. Derive the expression for power contents in AM wave. What is the transmission efficiency of AM signal ? 4 + 1

GROUP – C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 7. a) What are the needs of modulation in communication system? 3
 - b) Show that $P_t = P_c \left(1 + \frac{m^2}{2}\right)$, where P_t =total power in AM, P_c = carrier power, m = modulation index. 5
 - c) Write down advantages and disadvantages of SSB over DSB-SC.
 3

4202

[Turn over

CS/B.Tech/CSE/IT/NEW/S	SEM-4/CS-401/2013
------------------------	-------------------



 d) A carrier wave of frequency 100 MHz is frequency modulated by a sinusoidal wave of amplitude 20 V and frequency 100 kHz. The frequency sensitivity of the modulator is 25 kHz/V. Determine the approximate bandwidth of FM signal.
8. a) Explain Carson's rule. 5
b) Explain the effect of aliasing. 4
c) ASK, FSK and PSK Sketch the Binary waveform of digital modulation schemes for the following 8-bit sequence :
10110101. 6
9. a) Draw the Transmitter and Receiver model of PCM. 5
b) Explain 'Quantization' in PCM. 7
c) Write down the disadvantages of PCM. How can quantization error be minimized ? 3
10. a) Define entropy and mutual information and also prove $I(X_i, Y_j) = I(Y_j, X_i)$.
b) If the information 1 and 0 transmit through the channel from T_x to R_x with probability of error <i>P</i> , find out P(Y=0), P(Y=1), 3
c) Explain Shannon-Fano Algorithm with suitable example. 8
11. a) What do you mean by delta modulation ? 5
b) Explain adaptive delta modulation with proper waveform. 5
c) Discuss FM demodulation using phase locked loop (PLL). 5