



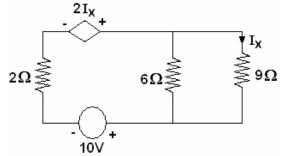
I B.TECH – EXAMINATIONS, JUNE - 2011 NETWORK ANALYSIS (COMMON TO ECE, ECOMPE, EIE, BME)

Time: 3hours

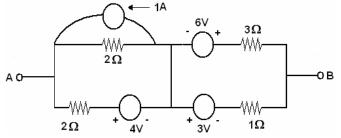
Max.Marks:80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1.a) "The voltage across capacitor can not change instanteously". Explain why.
 - b) Find the current in the 6 ohms resistor using Kirchoff's laws.



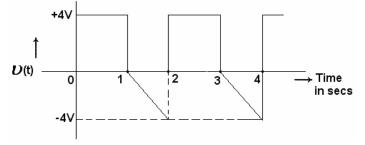
c) Using source transformation, reduce the network between A and B into an equivalent voltage source. [4+6+6]



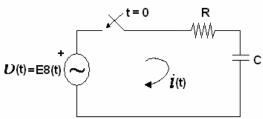
- 2.a) Define self inductance, Mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling with regard to a pair of magnetically coupled coils. State the relationship among the above quantities.
 - b) Two identical coils with L = 0.02H and are having a coefficient of coupling of 0.8. Find the mutual inductance and the equivalent inductances with the two coils connected in:
 - i) Series aiding and
 - ii) Series opposing.

Derive the equations employed.

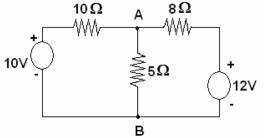
- c) Clearly explain what you understand by impedance transformation. [4+8+4]
- 3.a) Clearly explain the terms resonance frequency, half power frequencies and Band width of a Resonant circuit.
- b) A Two element series circuit is connected across a voltage $v(t) = 200\sqrt{2} \sin(314t + 20^{\circ})$. The current in the circuit $i(t) = 10\sqrt{2} \sin(314t 25^{\circ})$ Determine the parameters of the circuit. Also determine the power factor, Real power and Reactive power taken by the circuit. [6+10]
- 4.a) Determine the RMS value, Average value and form factor of the waveform shown in figure.



b) Obtain the impulse response of a series R-C circuit excited by v(t) = E8(t) at t = 0. Use Laplace Transform method. [8+8]



- 5.a) State and explain Reciprocity Theorem.
- b) There are two separate coils and when a voltage of 30V D.C. is applied to each of the coils the currents taken are 4A and 5A, when an A.C. voltage of 30V is applied to each of the coils they take 1A and 2A. If both the coils are connected in series and a 100V A.C. is applied across the combination, determine the current and power consumed by the circuit.

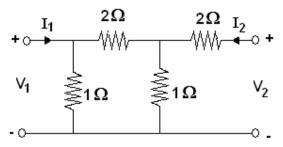


6.a) Define short circuit admittance Parameters (y) of a two port network. Obtain (y) parameters in terms of (z) parameters.

[8+8]

[10+6]

b) Obtain ABCD parameters of the network shown in figure.



- 7.a) Clearly explain what you understand by an Alternator. Explain clearly the different types of Alternators.
 - b) Design an asymmetrical L-alternator with image impedances of 600Ω and 400Ω .
- 8.a) Distinguish between a low pass, a High pass and a Band pass filter. Clearly
 - explain the draw backs of constant K filters.
 b) Design a constant-K high pass filter having a cut off frequency of 10 KHz and characteristic impedance of 600Ω. Show both T & π configurations. [8+8]

* * * * *





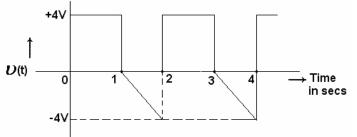
I B.TECH – EXAMINATIONS, JUNE - 2011 NETWORK ANALYSIS (COMMON TO ECE, ECOMPE, EIE, BME)

Time: 3hours

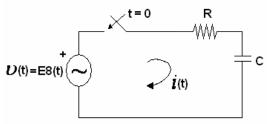
Max.Marks:80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

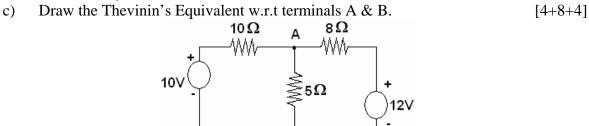
- 1.a) Clearly explain the terms resonance frequency, half power frequencies and Band width of a Resonant circuit.
 - b) A Two element series circuit is connected across a voltage $v(t) = 200\sqrt{2} \sin(314t + 20^{\circ})$. The current in the circuit $i(t) = 10\sqrt{2} \sin(314t 25^{\circ})$ Determine the parameters of the circuit. Also determine the power factor, Real power and Reactive power taken by the circuit. [6+10]
- 2.a) Determine the RMS value, Average value and form factor of the waveform shown in figure.



b) Obtain the impulse response of a series R-C circuit excited by v(t) = E8(t) at t = 0. Use Laplace Transform method. [8+8]



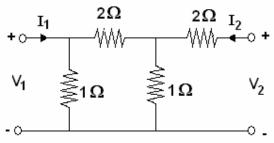
- 3.a) State and explain Reciprocity Theorem.
- b) There are two separate coils and when a voltage of 30V D.C. is applied to each of the coils the currents taken are 4A and 5A, when an A.C. voltage of 30V is applied to each of the coils they take 1A and 2A. If both the coils are connected in series and a 100V A.C. is applied across the combination, determine the current and power consumed by the circuit.



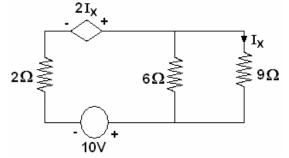
4.a) Define short circuit admittance Parameters (y) of a two port network. Obtain (y) parameters in terms of (z) parameters.

в

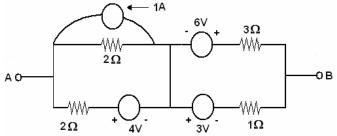
b) Obtain ABCD parameters of the network shown in figure. [8+8]



- 5.a) Clearly explain what you understand by an Alternator. Explain clearly the different types of Alternators.
 - b) Design an asymmetrical L-alternator with image impedances of 600Ω and $400 \qquad [10+6]$
- 6.a) Distinguish between a low pass, a High pass and a Band pass filter. Clearly explain the draw backs of constant K filters.
- b) Design a constant-K high pass filter having a cut off frequency of 10 KHz and characteristic impedance of 600Ω . Show both T & π configurations. [8+8]
- 7.a) "The voltage across capacitor can not change instanteously". Explain why.
 - b) Find the current in the 6 ohms resistor using Kirchoff's laws.



c) Using source transformation, reduce the network between A and B into an equivalent voltage source. [4+6+6]



- 8.a) Define self inductance, Mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling with regard to a pair of magnetically coupled coils. State the relationship among the above quantities.
 - b) Two identical coils with L = 0.02H and are having a coefficient of coupling of 0.8. Find the mutual inductance and the equivalent inductances with the two coils connected in:
 - i) Series aiding and
 - ii) Series opposing.

Derive the equations employed.

c) Clearly explain what you understand by impedance transformation. [4+8+4]

* * * * *





[4+8+4]

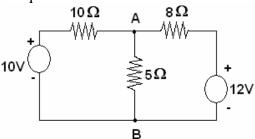
I B.TECH – EXAMINATIONS, JUNE - 2011 NETWORK ANALYSIS (COMMON TO ECE, ECOMPE, EIE, BME)

Time: 3hours

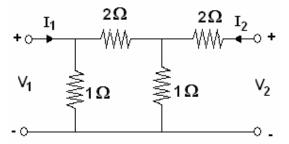
Max.Marks:80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

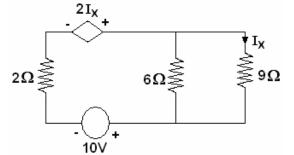
- 1.a) State and explain Reciprocity Theorem.
- b) There are two separate coils and when a voltage of 30V D.C. is applied to each of the coils the currents taken are 4A and 5A, when an A.C. voltage of 30V is applied to each of the coils they take 1A and 2A. If both the coils are connected in series and a 100V A.C. is applied across the combination, determine the current and power consumed by the circuit.
- c) Draw the Thevinin's Equivalent w.r.t terminals A & B.



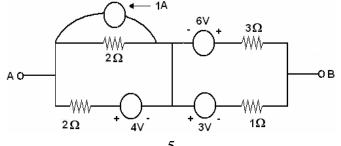
- 2.a) Define short circuit admittance Parameters (y) of a two port network. Obtain (y) parameters in terms of (z) parameters.
 - b) Obtain ABCD parameters of the network shown in figure. [8+8]



- 3.a) Clearly explain what you understand by an Alternator. Explain clearly the different types of Alternators.
- b) Design an asymmetrical L-alternator with image impedances of 600Ω and $400 \qquad [10+6]$
- 4.a) Distinguish between a low pass, a High pass and a Band pass filter. Clearly explain the draw backs of constant K filters.
- b) Design a constant-K high pass filter having a cut off frequency of 10 KHz and characteristic impedance of 600Ω . Show both T & π configurations. [8+8]
- 5.a) "The voltage across capacitor can not change instanteously". Explain why.
 - b) Find the current in the 6 ohms resistor using Kirchoff's laws.



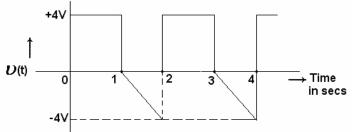
c) Using source transformation, reduce the network between A and B into an equivalent voltage source. [4+6+6]



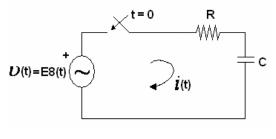
- 6.a) Define self inductance, Mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling with regard to a pair of magnetically coupled coils. State the relationship among the above quantities.
 - b) Two identical coils with L=0.02H and are having a coefficient of coupling of 0.8. Find the mutual inductance and the equivalent inductances with the two coils connected in:
 - i) Series aiding and
 - ii) Series opposing.

Derive the equations employed.

- c) Clearly explain what you understand by impedance transformation. [4+8+4]
- 7.a) Clearly explain the terms resonance frequency, half power frequencies and Band width of a Resonant circuit.
 - b) A Two element series circuit is connected across a voltage $\upsilon(t) = 200\sqrt{2} \sin(314t + 20^{\circ})$. The current in the circuit $i(t) = 10\sqrt{2} \sin(314t 25^{\circ})$ Determine the parameters of the circuit. Also determine the power factor, Real power and Reactive power taken by the circuit. [6+10]
- 8.a) Determine the RMS value, Average value and form factor of the waveform shown in figure.



b) Obtain the impulse response of a series R-C circuit excited by v(t) = E8(t) at t = 0. Use Laplace Transform method. [8+8]



* * * * *





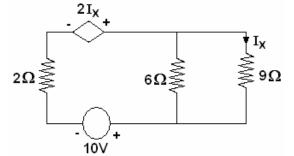
I B.TECH – EXAMINATIONS, JUNE - 2011 NETWORK ANALYSIS (COMMON TO ECE, ECOMPE, EIE, BME)

Time: 3hours

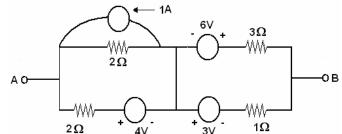
Max.Marks:80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1.a) Clearly explain what you understand by an Alternator. Explain clearly the different types of Alternators.
- b) Design an asymmetrical L-alternator with image impedances of 600Ω and $400 \qquad [10+6]$
- 2.a) Distinguish between a low pass, a High pass and a Band pass filter. Clearly explain the draw backs of constant K filters.
- b) Design a constant-K high pass filter having a cut off frequency of 10 KHz and characteristic impedance of 600Ω . Show both T & π configurations. [8+8]
- 3.a) "The voltage across capacitor can not change instanteously". Explain why.
- b) Find the current in the 6 ohms resistor using Kirchoff's laws.

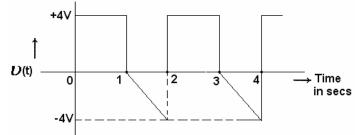


c) Using source transformation, reduce the network between A and B into an equivalent voltage source. [4+6+6]

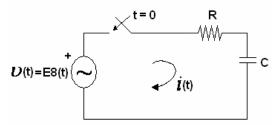


- 4.a) Define self inductance, Mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling with regard to a pair of magnetically coupled coils. State the relationship among the above quantities.
 - b) Two identical coils with L=0.02H and are having a coefficient of coupling of 0.8. Find the mutual inductance and the equivalent inductances with the two coils connected in:
 - i) Series aiding and
 - ii) Series opposing.
 - Derive the equations employed.
 - c) Clearly explain what you understand by impedance transformation. [4+8+4]
- 5.a) Clearly explain the terms resonance frequency, half power frequencies and Band width of a Resonant circuit.
 - b) A Two element series circuit is connected across a voltage $v(t) = 200\sqrt{2} \sin(314t + 20^{\circ})$. The current in the circuit $i(t) = 10\sqrt{2} \sin(314t 25^{\circ})$ Determine the parameters of the circuit. Also determine the power factor, Real power and Reactive power taken by the circuit. [6+10]

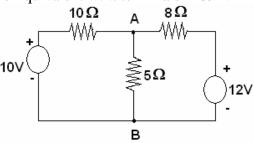
6.a) Determine the RMS value, Average value and form factor of the waveform shown in figure.



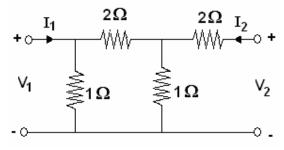
b) Obtain the impulse response of a series R-C circuit excited by v(t) = E8(t) at t = 0. Use Laplace Transform method. [8+8]



- 7.a) State and explain Reciprocity Theorem.
- b) There are two separate coils and when a voltage of 30V D.C. is applied to each of the coils the currents taken are 4A and 5A, when an A.C. voltage of 30V is applied to each of the coils they take 1A and 2A. If both the coils are connected in series and a 100V A.C. is applied across the combination, determine the current and power consumed by the circuit.
- c) Draw the Thevinin's Equivalent w.r.t terminals A & B. [4+8+4]



- 8.a) Define short circuit admittance Parameters (y) of a two port network. Obtain (y) parameters in terms of (z) parameters.
 - b) Obtain ABCD parameters of the network shown in figure. [8+8]



* * * * *