

Name : .....  
Roll No. : .....  
Invigilator's Signature : .....

**CS / BBA(H) / BIRM / BSCM / SEM-2 / BBA-203 / 2012**  
**2012**  
**STATISTICS - II**

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*  
*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

**GROUP – A**  
**( Multiple Choice Type Questions )**

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any *ten* of the following :  
 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) Probability of the sample space is
  - a) 1
  - b) 4
  - c)  $\frac{1}{7}$
  - d) none of these.
  
- ii) If  $\bar{A}$  is the complement of the event A, then
  - a)  $P(\bar{A}) = 1 - P(A)$
  - b)  $P(\bar{A}) = P(A)$
  - c)  $P(\bar{A}) = P(A) - 1$
  - d) none of these.





viii) The probability density function ( *p.d.f.* ) of a random variable is  $f ( x ) = kx ( x - 1 )$ , where  $1 \leq x \leq 2$ .

Then the value of  $k$  is

- a)  $\frac{6}{5}$
- b)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- c)  $\frac{8}{9}$
- d) 1.

ix) A binomial distribution may be approximated by a Poisson distribution provided

- a)  $n$  is small and  $p$  is large
- b)  $n$  is large and  $p$  is small
- c)  $n$  is large and  $p$  is large
- d)  $n$  is small and  $p$  is small.

x) The expectation of a random variable cannot be negative.

- a) True
- b) False
- c) Partially True
- d) None of these.

xi) Let  $X$  follows normal distribution with mean 10 and variance 25, then  $E ( 2 x + 3 )$  is equal to

- a)  $\frac{5}{4}$
- b)  $\frac{5}{2}$
- c) 5
- d) none of these.

xii) Accepting false null hypothesis is a error of

- a) Type I
- b) Type III
- c) Type II
- d) Sampling.



xiii)  $E ( XY ) = E ( X ) E ( Y )$  implies that the random variables  $X$  and  $Y$  are

- a) independent                      b) uncorrelated  
 c) linearly related                  d) none of these.

xiv) Critical region is a region of

- a) acceptance                          b) rejection  
 c) indecision                          d) none of these.

**GROUP – B**

**( Short Answer Type Questions )**

Answer any *three* of the following.                   $3 \times 5 = 15$

2. In a shooting competition, the probability of a man hitting the target is  $\frac{1}{5}$ . If he fires 5 times, what is the probability of hitting the target at least twice ?
3. There are two identical boxes containing respectively 4 white and 3 red balls & 3 white and 7 red balls. A box is chosen at random and a ball is drawn from it. Find the probability that the ball is white.
4. Prove that for two discrete random variables  $X$  and  $Y$   
 $E ( X + Y ) = E ( X ) + E ( Y )$ .



5. Find the maximum likelihood estimate for parameter having Poisson distribution.

6. If a random variable  $X$  has mean  $m$  and standard deviation  $\sigma$ , show that

$$E\left(\frac{x-m}{\sigma}\right) = 0 \text{ and } E\left(\frac{x-m}{\sigma}\right)^2 = 1.$$

**GROUP - C**

**( Long Answer Type Questions )**

Answer any *three* of the following.  $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. a) The probability that Asok can solve a problem is  $\frac{4}{5}$ , that Amal can solve is  $\frac{2}{3}$  and that Abdul can solve is  $\frac{3}{7}$ . If all of them try independently, find the probability that the problem will be solved.

b) If  $A$  and  $B$  are independent events and  $P(A) = \frac{2}{3}$ ,  $P(B) = \frac{3}{5}$ , find  $P(A+B)$ ,  $P(A^c/B)$  and  $P(A^c B)$ .

c) If  $A$  and  $B$  are independent events, then prove that

i)  $A^c$  and  $B^c$  are also independent.

ii)  $A^c$  and  $B$  are also independent. 5 + 4 + 6



8. a) State Baye's theorem.
- b) Urn-1 contains 5 red and 5 black balls, urn-2 contains 4 red and 8 black balls and urn-3 contains 3 red and 6 black balls. One urn is chosen at random and a ball is drawn. The colour of the ball is black. What is the probability that it has been drawn from urn-3 ?
- c) If  $A$  and  $B$  are two events not necessarily mutually exclusive, prove that

$$P ( A + B ) = P ( A ) + P ( B ) - P ( AB ). \quad 3 + 7 + 5$$

9. a) The following table gives the number of aircraft accidents that occurred during various days of a week. Find whether the accidents are uniformly distributed over the week. 8

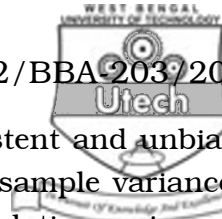
Days	SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
Nos. of accidents	6	8	8	20	11	9	14

Given :  $\chi^2_{6, 0.05} = 12.59$ .

- b)  $X$  is a continuous random variable with probability density function given by

$$\begin{aligned}
 f ( x ) &= kx ( 0 \leq x < 2 ) \\
 &= 2k ( 2 \leq x < 4 ) \\
 &= - kx + 6k ( 4 \leq x < 6 )
 \end{aligned}$$

Find  $k$  and mean value of  $X$ . 7



10. a) Show that the sample mean is consistent and unbiased estimate of the population mean but sample variance is consistent but biased estimate of population variance. 8
- b) If a random variable  $X$  follows normal distribution such that  $P(9.6 < X < 13.8) = 0.7008$  and  $P(X > 9.6) = 0.8159$  where the standard normal variable  $Z$  satisfies  $P(Z < 0.9) = 0.8159$  and  $P(Z < 1.2) = 0.8849$ , find the mean and variance of  $X$ . 7
11. a) In a survey of buying habits, 400 women shoppers are chosen at random in supermarket  $A$  located in a certain section of the city. Their average weekly food expenditure is Rs. 250 with a standard deviation of Rs. 40. For 400 women shoppers chosen at random in supermarket  $B$  in another section of the city, the average weekly food expenditure is Rs. 220 with a standard deviation of Rs. 55. Test at 1% level of significance whether the average weekly food expenditure of the two populations of shoppers are equal. 8
- b) The joint probability distribution of the random variables  $X$  and  $Y$  is shown below :

	Y	0	1	2
X				
2		0.05	0.10	0.25
4		0.15	0.05	0.15
6		0.10	0.10	0.05

Find,

- i) the conditional distribution of  $X$ , given  $Y = 1$
- ii) the conditional distribution of  $X$ , given  $Y = 2$
- iii) the probability  $P(X + Y > 6)$ . 7

