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## CS/B.Sc.(H) BT/MOLBIO / MICROBIO/GENETICS/ SEM-2/CA-201/2012

## 2012

# INTRODUCTION TO C-PROGRAMMING & DIGITAL LOGIC

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

## **GROUP - A**

## ( Multiple Choice Type Questions )

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any *ten* of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$ 

```
i)
     x \% y is equal to
     a) (x - (x/y))
                                  b) (x-(x/y)*y)
                                       (y - (x/y) * y)
          (y - (x / y))
                                  d)
     What would be the output of
ii)
          int x = 36, y = 5, z;
          float p;
          z = x/y;
          p = float(x) / float(y);
          printf ("z=%d and p=%f", z,p);
       }
          z = 7 and p = 7 b) z = 7.2 and p = 7 z = 7 and p = 7.2 d) z = 7.2 and p = 7.2.
     a)
```

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- iii) Hexadecimal number E is equal to binary number
  - a) 1110

b) 1101

c) 1001

- d) 1111.
- iv) Which of the following statements is true after execution of the program ?

```
{
  int A[10], i, *p;
  A[0] =1;
  A[1] =2;
  p = A;
  (*p)++;
}
```

- a) A[0] = 2
- b) A[1] = 3
- c) A[1] = 2
- d) All of these.
- v) Which one is correct of the following program fragments?

```
{
  int a, b, c;
  b = 2;
  a = 2*(b++);
  c = 2*(++b);
}
```

- a) a = 4, c = 6
- b) a = 3, c = 8
- c) b = 3, c = 6
- d) a = 4, c = 8.



- vi) Which are universal logic gates?
  - a) NAND & NOR
- b) OR & NAND
- c) NAND & XOR
- d) XNOR & NAND.
- vii) What will be the output of the following program?

```
int main ( )
{
   int b[]={10,20,30,40};
   int i;
   for (i=0;i<=3;i++)
        printf("\t%d",*(b+i);
}</pre>
```

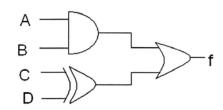
- a) That will not make any sense
- b) 10 20 30 40
- c) Compilation error
- d) Addresses of cells of the array.
- viii) The library function calloc() is declared in
  - a) dos.h

b) stdio.h

c) alloc.h

- d) none of these.
- ix)  $\overline{A + \overline{C}D}$  equals
  - a)  $A.(C + \overline{D})$
- b)  $\overline{A}.(C + \overline{D})$
- c) A.(C + D)
- d)  $\overline{A}.(\overline{C} + D).$

x)



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- a)  $(A \oplus B) + (CD)$
- b) (A + B)(C + D)
- c)  $AB + (C \oplus D)$
- d) (A + B)(CD)
- xi) #include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>

```
void main ( )
{
    clrscr( );
    int x = 36, y = 5, z;
    float p;
    z = x/y;
    p = float (x)/float (y);
    printf ("z=%d & p = %f", z, p);
    getch( );
}
```

The output will be

- a) z = 7 & p = 7
- b) z = 7.2 & p = 7
- c) z = 7.2 & p = 7.2
- d) z = 7 & p = 7.2.
- xii) A character constant is written within
  - a) double quotes
- b) single quotes
- c) both (a) and (b)
- d) none of these.

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#### **GROUP - B**

## (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$ 

- 2. State & prove the De Morgan's Theorem.
- 3. Draw the circuit symbol, switch equivalent circuit and truth table for a NAND gate.
- 4. Develop an algorithm and draw a flow chart to find G.C.D. (or H.C.F) of two integers x and y.
- 5. Write a *C* program to swap the contents of two integer variables.
- 6. What is the difference between 'while' & 'do-while' loop?

#### GROUP - C

## (Long Answer Type Questions)

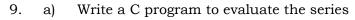
Answer any *three* of the following.

 $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

- 7. a) Write a *C* program to check whether an integer is palindrome or not.
  - b) Write a *C* program to calculate the factorial of a number using function.
  - c) Write a *C* program to find the transpose of a matrix.

 $3 \times 5$ 

- 8. a) Differentiate between positional and non-positional number system.
  - b) What are the main considerations to value each digit in positional number system?
  - c) Carry out the following conversions:
    - i)  $ABC_{16} = ?_8$
    - ii)  $125_6 = ?_4$
    - iii)  $765_8 = ?_{16}$
  - d) Draw the circuit diagram, switch equivalent circuit and truth table of AND gate. 2 + 3 + (2 + 3 + 2) + 3



```
sum = x + x^2 + x^3 + x ... + x^{10}
```

b)

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main ( )
{
 clrscr ( );
 float x = 4.0, y = 12.0, z = 3.5;
 x+ = 3.0;
 y\* = y;
 x/=y+z;
 printf ("%f,%f,%f", x, y,z);
 getch ( );
}

Write down the outputs of the program.

```
c) #include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<conio.h>
  void main ( )
  {
    clrscr ( );
    int x, a=8, b=6, c=3, d=8;
    x=!(a>b/3)||(c!=d/3);
    printf("%d",x);
    getch ( );
  }
```

What will be the output?

5 + 5 + 5

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10. a) Find the value of i, j & k at the end of the program. #include<stdio.h>

```
#include<conio.h>
void main ( )
{
    clrscr ( );
    int k = 3, i = 4, j = 6;
    k* = k++ * j- i- -;
    printf("%d,%d,%d", i, j, k);
    getch ( );
}
```

What will be the value of i, j & k at the output ?

- b) Write a C program to find the sum of digit of an integer.
- c) Write a *C* program to find the length of a string.

5 + 5 + 5

11. a) Create a structure to specify data on students given below:

Roll\_no, Name, Dept., Course, Year of Joining

Assume that there are not more than 500 students in the college. Write a C function to print names of all students who joined in a particular year.

- b) Explain call by value & call by reference with suitable examples.
- c) Write a C program to find the maximum among 3 integers. 5 + 5 + 5
- 12. a) Write a C program to find the roots of a quadratic equation.
  - b) Write a C program to check whether an integer is prime or not. 10 + 5

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