

**FACULTY OF ENGINEERING**  
**B.E. 2/4 (ECE) II Semester (New) (Main) Examination, May/June 2012**  
**ANALOG ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 75

**Note : Answer all questions from Part A.**

**Answer any five questions from Part B.**

**PART – A**

**(25 Marks)**

1. Voltage gain of a single stage amplifier is 20. Bandwidth = 10 kHz. 3 such stages are cascaded. Find overall voltage gain and bandwidth. 3
2. Draw equivalent circuit of FET at high frequency and explain it. 2
3. Input and output impedance of an amplifier are  $1K\Omega$  and  $5K\Omega$  respectively. Gain = 100. Feedback ratio = 0.04. Calculate input and output impedance of a voltage shunt feedback amplifier. 2
4. Draw equivalent circuit of transconductance amplifier and mention ideal values for  $R_i$  and  $R_o$  ? 3
5. Compare series and shunt regulators. 3
6. Find the oscillation frequency of a colpitts oscillator with circuit values  $L = 15.8$  mH,  $C_1 = 0.16\mu F$ ,  $C_2 = 0.33\mu F$ . 2
7. Classify amplifiers based on the position of Q-point. 2
8. Differentiate power amplifier and voltage amplifier. 3
9. List the advantages of tuned circuit. 2
10. What is meant by neutralization ? Draw two circuits to achieve neutralization and explain. 3

## PART – B

50

11. a) Show the hybrid  $-\pi$  equivalent circuit of BJT at high frequency in CE configuration. Explain significance of each parameter. Derive the expression for  $f_{\beta}$  and  $f_T$  in terms of hybrid  $-\pi$ . 8
- b) BJT has the following parameters  $f_T = 500$  MHz at collector current = 1 mA.  $\beta = 10$ . Calculate bandwidth. 2
12. Draw current series feedback amplifier and analyse the circuit to calculate  $A_{if}$ ,  $A_{vf}$ ,  $R_{if}$  and  $R_{ef}$  if  $R_C = 1K\Omega$ ,  $R_e = 100\Omega$ ,  $C_e = 10\mu F$ ,  $R_s = 100\Omega$ ,  $R_1 = 30K\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 20K\Omega$ ,  $h_{fe} = 50$ ,  $h_{ie} = 1.1K\Omega$  and  $h_{oe} = h_{re} = 0$ . 10
13. a) Draw the circuit of Hartley Oscillator and explain its operation. Derive the expression for its frequency of operation and initiating oscillations. 8
- b) Why RC oscillators are not suitable at high frequency? 2
14. a) Discuss complementary symmetry push pull class B amplifier and derive the expression for power dissipation. 7
- b) A complementary symmetry providing 22V peak signal to  $8\Omega$  load and power supply  $V_{CC} = 25V$ . Find : 3
- a) input power
- b) output power
- c) circuit efficiency.
15. a) What is meant by Synchronous tuning? Derive the expression for gain and bandwidth. 5
- b) What is stagger tuning? Draw its frequency response. Derive the expression for selectivity. 5
16. a) When a number of identical Rc coupled amplifiers are connected in cascade derive the expressions for its overall voltage gain, current gain and lower and upper 3dB frequencies? 5
- b) Prove that  $-ve$  feedback reduces gain and increases bandwidth. 5
17. a) Draw transformer coupled class A power amplifier and explain its working. Derive its maximum efficiency. 5
- b) Design a series voltage regulator to provide an o/p of 30V and supply a load 1A. The input varies from 40 to 50 volts. 5