MATH2 - JUNE 2010- 1

Roll No.

Total No. of Pages: 3

BT-2/JX

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Mathematics—II (2006 to onward)
Paper: MATH-102 (E)

Time: Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 100

Note: — Attempt FIVE questions, selecting at least ONE question from each unit.

UNIT-I

1. (a) Using Gauss-Jordan method, find the inverse of the matrix A

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & -3 \\ -2 & -4 & -4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(b) Determine the value of λ for which the following set of equations may possess non-trivial solution

$$3x + y - \lambda z = 0,$$

$$4x - 2y - 3z = 0,$$

$$2\lambda x + 4\lambda + \lambda z = 0$$

for each permissible value of λ , determine the general solution.

2. (a) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \\ -1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(b) Prove that every Hermitian matrix can be written as A ∈ iB, where A is real and symmetric and B is real and skew-symmetric.

UNIT-II

3. (a) Solve:

$$(y^2 + 2x^2y)dx + (2x^3 - xy)dy = 0.$$

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- (b) Find the orthogonal trajectories of a system of parabola $y^2 = 4a(x + a)$.
- (c) Find the complete solution of

$$(D^4 + 4D - 3)y = X e^{3x}$$
.

4. (a) Using the method of variation of parameter, solve :

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + a^2y = \sec ax.$$

(b) An e.m.f. E sin pt is applied at t=0 to a circuit consisting a capacitance C and inductance L. The current i satisfies the equation $L\frac{di}{dt} + \frac{1}{C}\int i \ dt = E \sin pt$, if $p^2 = \frac{1}{LC}$ and initially the current i and charge q are zero. Show that the current at time t is $\left(\frac{Et}{2L}\right)\sin pt$, where $i=\frac{dq}{dt}$.

UNIT-III

5. (a) Evaluate:

$$L\left\{\int_{0}^{t} \frac{\sin t}{t} dt.\right.$$

(b) Evaluate:

$$L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s^2+s}{(s^2+1)(s^2+2s+2)}\right\}.$$

(c) Use Convolution theorem to evaluate :

$$L^{-1}\frac{1}{s^3(s^2+1)}$$
.

6. (a) Using Laplace transform method, solve

$$ty'' + 2y' + ty = \sin t$$
, when $y(0) = 1$.

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(b) In an electrical circuit with e.m.f. E(t) resistance R and inductance L, the current i build up at the rate given by L di/dt + Ri = E(t). If the switch is connected at t = 0 and disconnected at t = a, find the current i at any instant.

UNIT-IV

7. (a) Solve the partial differential equation

$$(z^2 - 2yz - y^2) p + (xy + zx)q = xy - zx.$$

(b) Solve:

$$2z + p^2 + qy + 2y^2 = 0$$
.

8. (a) Solve:

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} - 6 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = y \cos x.$$

(b) Solve the equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$, subject to u(0, t) = u(l, t) = 0

$$u(x, 0) = 0$$
 and $u(x, a) = \sin \frac{n \pi x}{l}$.