Code No.: 3299

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

B.E. 2/4 (CSE) II Sem. (Main) Examination, May/June 2011 ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS AND MACHINES

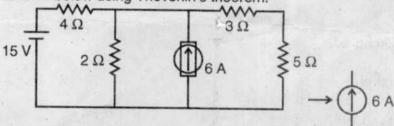
Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 75

Note: Answer all questions from Part - A. Answer any five questions from Part - B.

1.	PART – A (Marks : 2 State Thevenin's theorem and give the utility of this theorem.	(5)
2.	A coil has a resistance of 10 Ω and draws a current of 5 A when connected across 100 V, 50 Hz source. Determine the reactive power of the circuit.	
3.	A balanced star-connected load of $(8+j6)\Omega$ per phase is connected to a 3- ϕ , 230 V, 50 Hz supply. Draw the phasor diagram for the above circuit.	3
4.	Give the expression for regulation of a transformer.	2
5	Draw the characteristics of DC series motors.	3
6.	Give the applications of dc motors.	2
7.	A 4 pole induction motor is running at 1440 rpm from a 50 Hz supply. Find the percentage slip and frequency of rotor current.	3
8.	List the methods of starting of Induction Motors.	2
9.	Why single phase induction motors are not self starting?	3
10.	What is universal motor ?	2

PART - B (Marks: 50)

11. (a) Determine the current flowing through the 5 Ω resistor in the network shown below using Thevenin's theorem.



(b) An a.c. sinusoidal current has an rms value of 40 A at 50 Hz frequency. Write expression of instantaneous current and obtain its value 0.002 sec after passing through maximum positive value.

12.	trans	lain with a neat diagram OC and SC tests on a single phase sformer. Explain how can you draw the equivalent circuit with the help to above tests.	10
13.	(a) (b)	Derive emf equation for a dc generator. A 400 V dc motor takes 5A at no-load. Its armature and field resistances are 0.5 Ω and 200 Ω respectively. Calculate the efficiency of the motor when motor takes 40 A on full load.	5
14.	Desc	cribe the construction and principle of operation of a 3-Ph induction or.	10
15.	(a) (b)	Explain the principle of operation of a split phase motor. Explain the principle of operation of a Brushless DC motor.	5
16.	(a) (b)	Explain the measurement of power of 3- ϕ circuit by using two wattmeter method. A 4700 Ω resistor and a 2 μF capacitor are connected in parallel across a 240 V, 50 Hz source. Determine the circuit impedance and line current.	6
17.	Write	short notes on the following:	10
	(a)	Dot convention	- 10
	(b)	Auto transformer	
	(c)	Losses in a D.C. machine.	