TELETRY IT (Rev) 2615/2012 Electronic Instrumentation

28: 1st half.12-AM(y)
Con. 4209-12.

GN-7193

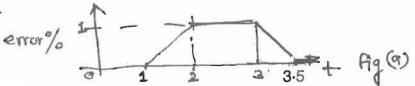
				(3 Hours)	[Total Marks:	10
N.B. :		<ol> <li>Question No. 1 is compulsory.</li> <li>Attempt any four questions out of remaining six questions.</li> <li>Assume suitable data whenever required.</li> <li>Illustrate answer with sketches whenever required.</li> <li>Figures to right indicate full marks.</li> </ol>				
1.	Atte	(a) I (b) I (c) (d) (d) (e) V	Explain the logarithmic co Instrumentation System. State the advantages of Elect	ducibility and Repeatibility of ar ument? State its need.	I conditioning in	20
2.	1000	Ran Exp	np input. Draw the response a	esponse of first order instrume and explain the terms measurer principle and operation of Elec	ment error and lag.	
3.	3 (5)	tem	olain with neat block diagram perature, flow, pressure, displ plain Distributed Control Syste		system to monitor	10
4.	2.0	Ran over Wha	nge (ii) Reference Junction Co r other types of temperature tra at are the advantages of Ins	rature measuring in view of (i) empensation (iii) Advantages a ansducers. strumentation amplifier? Des on amplifier for the gain of 10,1	nd Disadvantages sign three op-amp	
5.	(a)	Wha	at is LVDT ? Explain and draw	the complete constructional d	liagram for it. State	10

features and limitations of this transducer. Also explain the use of Phase Sensitive

(b) Explain in detail cascade controller with suitable example. State the advantages.

Detector (PSD) for operation of LVDT.

(a) For the error shown in figure (a) below, draw approximate PD Controller output as 10 a function of time. (Range of controller o/p is 0-100%, at zero error controller output = 50%).



Also draw neat circuit diagram of PD Controller and derive the expression for controller output.

(b) Design a second order active low pass filter for a cutoff frequency of 1 kHz.

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- Write short notes on any two of the following:—
  - (a) Data logger
  - (b) pH measurement
  - (c) Control Valves: Classification and Characteristics
  - (d) Five point calibration procedure.