15E(A)

MATHEMATICS, Paper - I

(English version)

(Parts A and B)

Time : 2 hrs. 45 min.]

[Maximum Marks: 40

Instructions:

- 1. 15 minutes of time is allotted exclusively for reading the question paper and 2.30 hours for writing the answers.
- 2. Part-A answers should be written in separate answer book.
- 3. There are three sections in Part-A.
- 4. Answer all questions.
- 5. Every answer should be written visibly and neatly.
- 6. There is an internal choice in section III of Part-A.

Part - A

Time: 2 hours

Marks: 30

SECTION - I

 $(Marks: 4\times 1=4)$

NOTE: (i) Answer

- (i) Answer **all** the following questions.
- (ii) Each question carries 1 mark.
- 1. Write $A = \{2, 4, 8, 16\}$ in set-builder form.
- 2. Find the value of $\log_5 \sqrt{625}$.

- The larger of two supplementary angles exceeds the smaller by 58, then find the angles.
- Find the curved surface area of cylinder, whose radius is 7 cm. and height is 10 cm.

SECTION - II

 $(Marks: 5 \times 2 = 10)$

- NOTE: (i) Write answers to all questions.
 - (ii) Each question carries 2 marks.
- Rohan's mother is 26 years older than him. The product of their ages after 3 years will be 360. Then write the required quadratic equation to find Rohan's present age.
- 6. Find the zeroes of the quadratic polynomial $x^2 x 30$ and verify the relation between the zeroes and its co-efficients.
- 7. A Joker's cap is in the form of right circular cone, whose base radius is 7 cm and height is 24 cm. Find the area of sheet required to make 10 such caps.
- 3. Find the HCF of 1260 and 1440 by using Euclid's division lemma.
- If the sum of first 15 terms of an A.P. is 675 and its first term is 10, then find 25th term.

SECTION - III

 $(Marks: 4\times 4=16)$

- NOTE: (i) Answer all the following questions.
 - (ii) Each question carries 4 marks.
- 10. (a) Show that $2+5\sqrt{3}$ is irrational.

or

- (b) Check whether 321 is a term of the A.P.: 22, 15, 8, 1,
- 11. (a) In a class test, the sum of Moulika's marks in Mathematics and English is 30. If she got 2 marks more in Mathematics and 3 marks less in English, the product of her marks would have been 210. Find her marks in the two subjects.

or

- (b) An oil drum is in the shape of cylinder, whose diameter is 2 m. and height is 7 m. The painter charges ₹ 5 per m² to paint the drum. Find the total charges to be paid to the painter for 10 drums.
- 12. (a) If $A = \{x : x \text{ is a natural number less than is 6}\}.$

 $B = \{x : x \text{ is a prime number which is a divisor of } 60\}.$

 $C = \{x : x \text{ is an odd natural number less than 10}\}.$

 $D = \{x : x \text{ is an even natural number which is a divisor of } 48\}.$

Then write roster form for all above sets and find

- (i) A U B
- (ii) $B \cap C$
- (iii) A-D
- (iv) D B.

OR

(b) 6 pencils and 4 note books together cost Rs. 90/- whereas 8 pencils and 3 note books together cost Rs. 85/-. Find the cost of one pencil and that of one note book. 13. (a) Find the zeroes of the quadratic polynomial $p(x) = x^2 + x - 20$ using graph.

OR

(b) Solve the following pair of linear equations graphically, 2x + y = 4 and 2x - 3y = 12.

B

15E(B)

MATHEMATICS, Paper - I

(English version)

(Parts A and B)

Time : 2 hrs. 45 min.]

[Maximum Marks: 40

Instruction: Write the answers to the questions in this Part-B on the Question paper itself and attach it to the answer book of Part-A.

Part - B

Time: 30 minutes

Marks: 10

- NOTE: (i) Each question has four options. Write the CAPITAL LETTERS

 (A, B, C, D) showing the correct answer for the following questions in the brackets provided against them.
 - (ii) Marks are not awarded for over-written answers.
 - (iii) All questions carry equal marks.

SECTION-IV

Marks: $20 \times \frac{1}{2} = 10$

NOTE: (i) Answer all the questions.

(ii) Each question carries \(\frac{1}{2} \) mark.

14. If n(A) = 8, n(B) = 3, $n(A \cap B) = 2$, then $n(A \cup B) = ...$

1 1

(A) 5

(B) 7

(C) 9

(D) 13

1.	5. The discriminant of $6x^2 - 5$	t + 1 = 0 is	L	,
		(B) 2		
	(A) 1	5		
	(C) 6	$(D) -\frac{3}{6}$		
	6. Sum of the zeroes of the poly	$r^2 + 5r + 6$ is	[]
10	6. Sum of the zeroes of the poly	(B) -5		
	(A) 5	(B) -3		
	(C) 6	$(D) \frac{5}{6}$		
	(0)	6		
17	7. Which of the following is not	irrational?	[]
		(B) $\sqrt{3}$		
	(C) $\sqrt{4}$	(D) √5		
18.	. One root of the equation $x-$	$\frac{3}{x} = 2$ is	[]
	(A) 1	(B) 2		
	(C) 3	(D) 4		
19.	If $4, a, 9$ are in G.P., then $a =$. []
	(A) 6	(B) ±6		
	(C) 7	$(D) \pm 7$		
20.	If total surface area of a cube i	s 96 cm², then its volume is	[]
	(A) 32 cm ³	(B) 64 cm ³		
	(C) 128 cm ³	(D) 256 cm ³		
21.	$\log_{10} 0.001 = \dots$		Į]
		(B) 3		
	(A) 2 (C) -2	(D) -3		

[2]

15E(B)

B

22. Match the following: If α , β , γ are zeroes of a cubic polynomial $ax^{3} + bx^{2} + cx + d$, $(a \neq 0)$, then (a) (i) $\alpha + \beta + \gamma$ $\alpha \beta + \beta \gamma + \gamma \alpha$ **(b)** (ii)(c) (iii) αβγ (B) (i) $\rightarrow a$, (ii) $\rightarrow b$, (iii) $\rightarrow c$ (A) (i) $\rightarrow c$, (ii) $\rightarrow b$, (iii) $\rightarrow a$ (D) (i) $\rightarrow c$, (ii) $\rightarrow a$, (iii) $\rightarrow b$ (C) (i) $\rightarrow b$, (ii) $\rightarrow a$, (iii) $\rightarrow c$ The next term in A.P. $\sqrt{3}$, $\sqrt{12}$, $\sqrt{27}$ is ... $\sqrt{36}$ (A) $\sqrt{32}$ (B) $\sqrt{48}$ $\sqrt{42}$ (D) (C) The shaded region in the given figure shows ... \mathbf{B} (B) B-A(A) A-B(D) $A \cup B$ (C) $\mu - B$ 5x - 3 represents polynomial. **25.** Quadratic (B) Linear (A) A and B (D) Cubic (C) The common difference of A.P. log₂ 2, log₂ 4, log₂ 8 is 26. (B) (A) 1 (D) (C) 3 The sum of first 'n' odd natural numbers is 27. n^2

(B)

(**D**)

[3]

n(n+1)

P.T.O.

15E(B)

В

(A) n

(C)

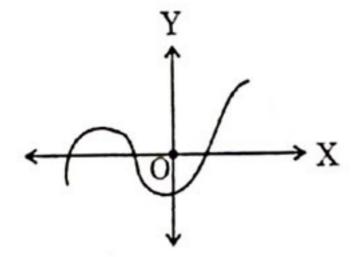
n(n+1)

- 28. The quadratic polynomial, whose zeroes are $\sqrt{2}$ and $-\sqrt{2}$ is
 - (A) $x^2 2$

(B) $x^2 + 2$

(C) $x^2 + \sqrt{2}$

- (D) x-2
- 29. The number of zeroes of the polynomial in the graph is



(A) 0

(B) 1

(C) 2

- (D) 3
- 30. The line 2x 3y = 8 intersects X-axis at

(A) (2, -3)

(B) (0, -3)

(C) (2,0)

- (D) (4, 0)
- 31. The volume of cone, whose radius is 3 cm and height is 8 cm, is ... cm³. [
 - (A) 6 π

(B) 12 π

(C) 18π

- (D) 24π
- 32. If 6x + 2y 9 = 0 and kx + y 7 = 0 has no solution, then k = ...
 - (A) 3

(B) 2

(C) - 3

- (D) -2
- 33. If the equation $x^2 + 5x + K = 0$ has real and distinct roots, then ... [
 - (A) K = 6

(B) K < 6.25

(C) K > 6

(D) K > 25