Name :	<u>A</u>
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Invigilator's Signature :	

CS/MCA/SEM-2/MCA-204/2013

2013

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM – I

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP – A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any *ten* of the following :

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) If two attributes both can be treated as primary key, the either of the keys is called
 - a) foreign key b) alternate key
 - c) candidate key d) super key.
- ii) COUNT (*) returns
 - a) Number of rows regardless of NULLS
 - b) Number of rows regarding of NULLS
 - c) Number of all the rows
 - d) None of these.

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iii) Which statement is correct : Union operation

- a) combines the columns from the results obtained from the participating queries
- b) combines the rows from the results obtained from the participating queries.
- c) both (a) and (b)
- d) none of these
- iv) Functional dependencies will be required
 - a) in schema making
 - b) on Transaction
 - c) on Cartesian product calculation
 - d) in Normalization.
- v) Given a relation $R : \{A,B,C\}$ & the set of FDs :

 $A \rightarrow B$

$$B \rightarrow C$$

Decomposed into

R2 : {B,C}

The decomposition is

- a) lossless join decomposition
- b) dependency preserving
- c) both a & b
- d) none of these.

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vi)	For a given relation R : {J,K,L} having a set of FDs ${JK \rightarrow L, L \rightarrow K}$, the candidate keys are			
	a)	J & K	b)	JK
	c)	Only J	d)	JK & JL.
vii)	The that oper	operation on a certain Y contains only sel ration is	relat ected	ion X, produces Y such attributes of X. The
	a)	Projection	b)	Selection
	c)	Union	d)	Difference.
viii)	The is	number sub-schema o	faso	chema with n attributes
	a)	n	b)	$2^{n} - 1$
	c)	$n^2 - 1$	d)	log n.
ix)	Let a DBMS has <i>q</i> external views. Then the number of possible interfaces that may exists are			
	a)	equal to q	b)	less than q
	c)	greater than q	d)	none of these.
x)	If R and S are two relations, which of the following algebraic expressions is true ?			
	a)	$R \cap S = (R \cup S) - ((R - S))$	$) \cup (S)$	(-R))
	b)	$R \times S = (R \cup S) - ((R - S))$	∪ (S	– <i>R</i>))
	c)	$R \cap S = (R \times S) - ((R - S))$	\cup (S	– <i>R</i>))
	d)	None of these.		
xi)	Arm	strong's inference rules	are	
	a)	Weak and sound	b)	Strong and sound

c) Sound and Complete d) None of these.

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- xii) Which of the following properties guarantees that spurious tuples does not occur with respect to the relational schema created after decomposition ?
 - a) Dependency preservation property
 - b) Non-additive join property
 - c) Accociatiove join property
 - d) None of these.

GROUP – B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 5 = 15$

- How does tuple relational calculus differ from domain relational calculus ? Discuss the meaning of the existential quantifier (∃) and the universal quantifier (∀).
- 3. "Every BCNF is also in 3NF and more restrictive constraints than 3NF" explain.
- 4. Find the minimum cover of $F = \{A \rightarrow BC, AC \rightarrow D, D \rightarrow B, AB \rightarrow D\}$
- 5. Consider the relation *R* = {A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I,J} and the set of Functional Dependencies F :

$$\begin{array}{l} \{A,B\} \rightarrow C \\ A \rightarrow \{D,E\} \\ B \rightarrow F \\ F \rightarrow \{G,H\} \\ D \rightarrow \{I,J\} \end{array}$$

- a) Deduce the key for R
- b) Normalize R up to 3NF.

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Express the algebraic operation of Division in terms of π , × 6. and – operations, where π represents Projection, × represents Cartesian Product and - represents Set Difference.

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. Define functional dependency. What do you mean by Partial functional dependency and Full functional dependency ? are Armstrong's inference rules ? What is What Normalization ? Explain with an example 1NF, 2NF and 3NF.

2 + 4 + 2 + 1 + 6

What do you mean by Lossless join decomposition ? Write 8. down the algorithm for testing lossless join property of relations. Test the lossless join property of the following relations.

 $R = \{A, B, C, D, E\}$ $R1 = \{AD\},\$ $R2 = \{AB\},\$ $R3 = \{BE\},\$ $R4 = \{CDE\}$ and $R5 = \{AE\}$ Functional dependencies are : $F = (A \rightarrow C, B \rightarrow C, C \rightarrow D, DE \rightarrow C, CE \rightarrow A)$ 2 + 5 + 8

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9. Consider the following tables :

Deposit : {cust_id, name, branch, balance}

Loan : {cust_id, name, amount}

- a) Represent the following using relational algebra :
 - i) Names of customers having both loan & deposit accounts.
 - Names of customers having loan account, but no deposit account.
 - iii) Find the branch name where customers having loan account and deposit accounts. Do not use standard natural join operator.
- b) Using tuple calculus, find the names of customers having deposit account in 'xyz' branch having balance > 7500.
 (3 + 3 + 5) + 4
- 10. Outline an algorithm for insertion of a record in a B⁺ tree.
 Construct a B⁺ tree for the following set of key values under the assumption that the number of key values that fit in a node is 3 :

Key values : 3,10,12,14,29,38,45,55,60,68

Show the steps involved in the following insertions : Insert 11 & 30. 5 + 5 + 5

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- a) Query and its optimization
- b) Network Data Model
- c) Enhanced ER Diagram
- d) Applications of Normalization

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e) Armstrong's Axioms.