MAY 2014 BCA

## Mathematics-I(Discrete Maths)

Paper-BC-203(N<sub>2</sub>)

Time: 3 Hrs. M.M.: 60

Note: - Attempt any two questions each from section A and B and the entire section C.

## Section A

Q1. If A and B are any two sets then, show that,

- Q2. Define a symmetric relation and show that a relation R is symmetric iff  $R^{-1} = R$
- Q3. How many words can be formed out of the letters of the word 'CARAVELLE'? How many of them begin with R?
- Q4. Prove that the conditional operation distributes over the operation of conjunction.

## Section B

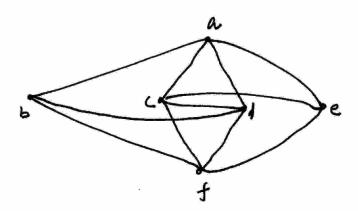
Q5. If  $S_0 + 3S_{n-1} - 4S_{n-2} = 0$ ,  $n \ge 2$ ,  $S_0 = 3$ ,  $S_1 = -2$ , find the generating function and the sequence which satisfies it..

Q6. Define the terms,

- (i) A regular graph
- (ii) A complete graph
- (iii) A Hamiltonian graph
- (iv) A rooted tree

Give an example in each case.

- Q7. Prove that the sum of the degrees of the vertices of the following undirected graph is twice the number of edges in the graph,
- Q8. Find the chromatic number of the following graph,



## Section C

- Q9. (a) Under what condition or conditions the union and intersection of any two sets is equal?
  - (b) Define the complement of a set and give an example.
  - (c) Give an example of a relation which is transitive but not symmetric.
  - (d) Determine the truth value of ," If Chandigarh is the capital of Punjab, then 3+3=7.
  - (e) If 2P(5,3) = P(n,4), find n.
  - (f) Define a recurrence relation and give an example.
  - (g) Define the term," isomorphism of graphs".
  - (h) Define a bipartite graph and give an example.
  - (i) Define a spanning tree.
  - (j) Define chromatic number of a graph and give an example.

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