

14/12/11

TE ETRX Sem - V (REV)

Continuous Time Signals & System MP-3828

Con. 6547-11.

(REVISED COURSE)

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100

- N.B. (1) Question No.1 is compulsory,
 (2) Attempt any four questions out of remaining six questions.
 (3) Assume suitable data wherever required but justify the same.

1. Solve any four:- [20]
 (a) State the conditions which are required to be satisfied by function $f(t)$ for Fourier series to exist.
 (b) Define ESD and PSD. What is the relation of ESD and PSD with autocorrelation?
 (c) Calculate average power of the given signal

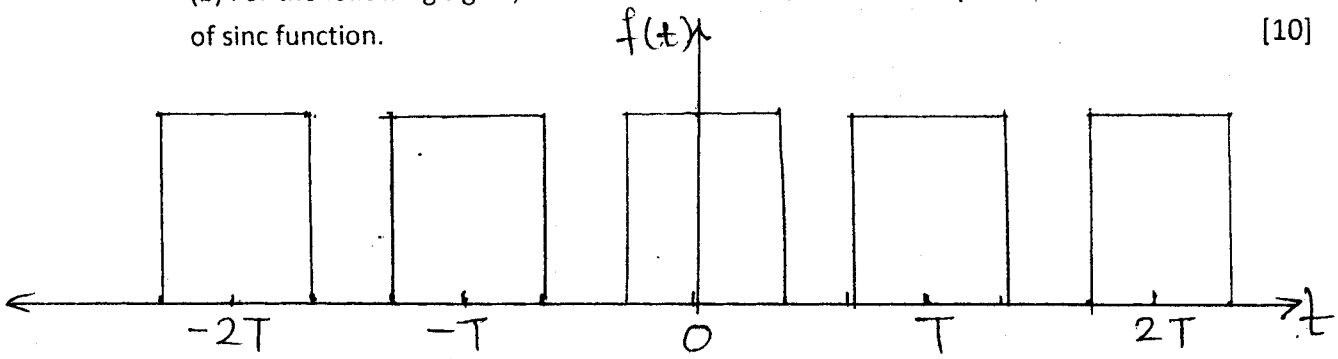
$$x(t) = 3\cos(5\omega_0 t)$$

 (d) What is the PDF of Uniform, Exponential and Gaussian distribution?
 (e) Classify the following system on the basis of stability and causality,

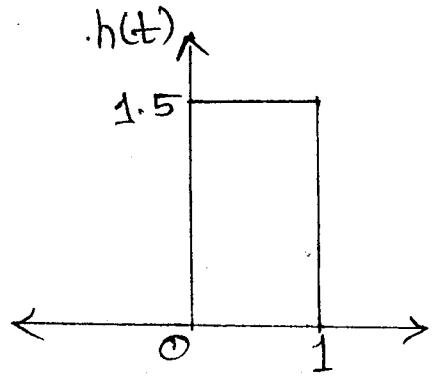
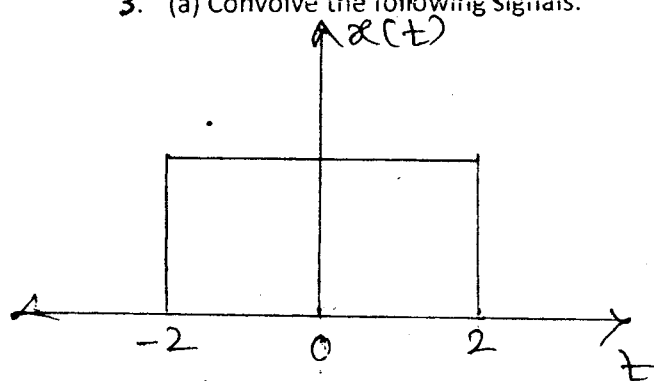
$$y''(t) - 2t \cdot y'(t) = x(t)$$

2. (a) Derive the relation between Fourier Transform and Laplace Transform. Find the inverse Laplace Transform of the following signal, [10]

$$X(S) = 2s + 4 / s^2 + 4s + 3$$
 for all possible ROCs.
 (b) For the following signal, Show that the Fourier transform of periodic Gate function is a form of sinc function. [10]



3. (a) Convolve the following signals: [10]



- (b) Sketch $x(t)$ if [10]

$$x(t) = 2u(t) + u(t-2) - u(t-4) + r(t-6) - r(t-8)$$

Hence obtain $x(2t+2)$

[TURN OVER

4. (a) The differential equation of the system is given as follows:

$$y''(t) = 4y'(t) - y(t) + 4x'(t) + 2x(t) \quad [10]$$

Determine impulse response and state variable model of the system.

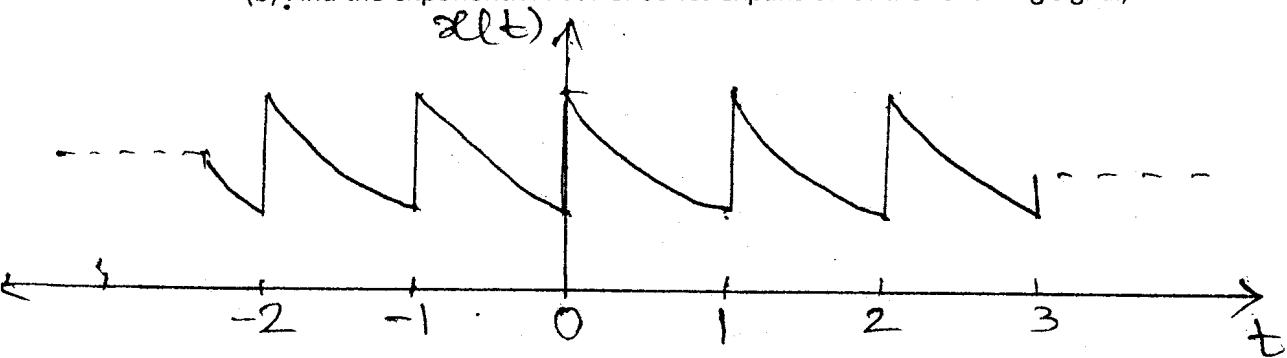
(b) State initial and Final value theorem of Laplace transform. Also find initial and final value

$$x(s) = \frac{2(s^2+1)}{s(s+2)(s+5)} \quad [10]$$

5. (a) Find the autocorrelation, PSD, and power of the following signal; [10]

$$X(t) = 6\sin 2t$$

(b) Find the exponential Fourier series expansion of the following signal, [10]



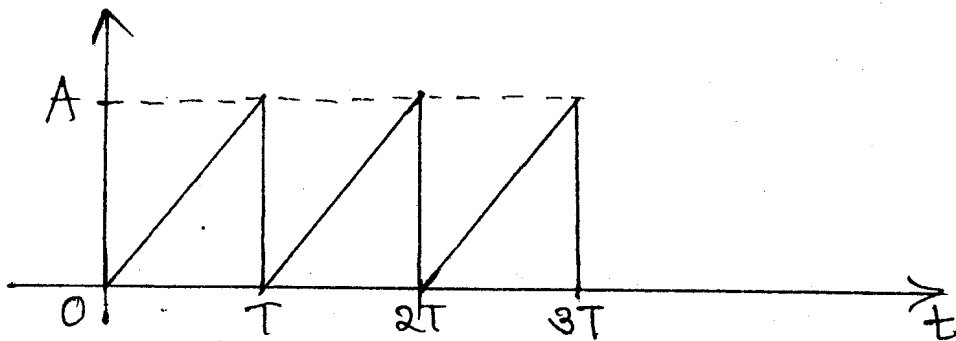
6. (a) State variable model of the system is given as follows, [12]

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1(t) \\ \dot{x}_2(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot r(t)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1(t) \\ y_2(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad x(0)^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Determine response of the system to unit step input.

(b) Find the Laplace transform of [8]



7. Write short notes on the following: [20]

- (a) Rayleigh's energy theorem
- (b) State transition matrix
- (c) Energy signals Vs Power signals
- (d) Random processes