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06MAT21

Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 08
Engineering Mathematics II

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note : Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing at least two full questions from each part.

Part - A

- 1 a. Find the radius of curvature of the curve
 $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$ at the point $\left(\frac{3a}{2}, \frac{3a}{2}\right)$ (06 Marks)
- b. State and prove Lagrange's mean value theorem. (07 Marks)
- c. Expand $e^{\tan^{-1} x}$ by Maclaurin's series upto the term containing x^5 (07 Marks)
- 2 a. Evaluate :
- i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} (2x \tan x - \pi \sec x)$
- ii) $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \left[2 - \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right]^{\tan\left(\frac{\pi x}{2a}\right)}$ (06 Marks)
- b. Expand $x^2y + 3y - 2$ in powers of $(x - 1)$ and $(y + 2)$ using the Taylor's theorem. (07 Marks)
- c. Find the maximum and minimum values of $x^2 + y^2$ subject to the condition $5x^2 + 6xy + 5y^2 = 8$ (07 Marks)
- 3 a. Evaluate the integral $\int_0^{1-x} \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy \, dy \, dx$ by changing the order of integration. (07 Marks)
- b. Evaluate the integral $\int_0^1 \int_0^{1-x} \int_0^{1-x-y} \frac{dz \, dy \, dx}{(1+x+y+z)^3}$ (07 Marks)
- c. With the usual notation, show that

$$\beta(m,n) = \frac{\Gamma(m) \cdot \Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)}$$
 (06 Marks)
- 4 a. Verify Green's theorem for $\oint_c [(xy + y^2)dx + x^2dy]$ where c is the closed curve of the region bounded by $y = x$ and $y = x^2$. (07 Marks)
- b. Using the divergence theorem evaluate
 $\iiint_s \vec{f} \cdot \vec{n} \, ds$ where $\vec{f} = x^3\hat{i} + y^3\hat{j} + z^3\hat{k}$ and s is the surface of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ (07 Marks)
- c. Prove that cylindrical coordinate system is orthogonal. (06 Marks)

Part - B

- 5 a. Solve: $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = e^{2x} + \cos 2x$ (07 Marks)
- b. Solve: $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + y = 5e^x x^2$ (07 Marks)
- c. Using the method of undetermined coefficients
 Solve: $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 5\frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = e^{3x}$ (06 Marks)

6 a. Solve: $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4y = \tan 2x$ by using the method of variation of parameters. (07 Marks)

b. Solve: $x^3 \frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 3y^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 65 \cos(\log x)$ (07 Marks)

c. Solve the initial value problem

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5 \frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = 0, \text{ given that } x(0) = 0, \frac{dx(0)}{dt} = 15. \quad (06 \text{ Marks})$$

7 a. Find the Laplace transforms of

i) $t^2 e^{2t}$

ii) $(\cos at - \cos bt) / t$

(07 Marks)

b. Find Laplace transform of the periodic function of period $2a$, which is defined by

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t & \text{if } 0 \leq t \leq a \\ 2a - t & \text{if } a \leq t \leq 2a \end{cases}$$

(07 Marks)

c. Express $f(t) = \begin{cases} \cos t, & 0 < t < \pi \\ \cos 2t, & \pi < t < 2\pi \\ \cos 3t, & t > 2\pi \end{cases}$

(06 Marks)

In terms of Heaviside unit step function and hence find $L\{f(t)\}$

8 a. Find i) $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s-2}{s^2+7s+12} \right\}$

ii) $L^{-1} = \left\{ \frac{e^{-6s}}{(s-4)^2} \right\}$

(06 Marks)

b. Using convolution theorem obtain the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s}{(s+2)(s^2+9)}$.

(07 Marks)

c. Solve the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4 \frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = e^{-x}$ with $y(0) = 1 = y'(0)$ using Laplace transforms. (07 Marks)
