

**I B. Pharmacy I Semester Supplementary Examinations, February - 2019**  
**REMEDIAL MATHEMATICS-I**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (**Part-A** and **Part-B**)  
 2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is Compulsory  
 3. Answer any **THREE** Questions from **Part-B**

**PART -A**

1. a) Write first three terms in the expansion of  $(3+4x)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$  (4M)
- b) Find  $\tan 15^\circ$ . (4M)
- c) Show that the points (2,2) ,(6,3),(4,11) form a right angled triangle. (4M)
- d) Evaluate  $\int \sqrt{x}(1-x)dx$  (4M)
- e) Show that  $y = e^x+1$  is a solution of the D.E  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$  (3M)
- f) Find  $Lt_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x^3 - 3x^2 + 1}{9x^2 + 8x + 7}$  (3M)

**PART -B**

2. a) Resolve  $\frac{1}{(x-1)^2(x-2)}$  into partial fractions. (8M)
- b) Find the Inverse of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  (8M)
3. a) In triangle ABC prove that  $\sin A + \sin(B-C) = 2\sin B \cos C$ . (8M)
- b) Prove that  $\cos 2A = \cos^2 A - \sin^2 A = \frac{1 - \tan^2 A}{1 + \tan^2 A}$  (8M)
4. a) Find the locus of point P such that  $PA+PB = 6$  where A (0,2) and B(0,-2). (8M)
- b) Find the equation of the straight line of inclination  $135^\circ$  and intercept -3 on the y-axis. (8M)
5. a) Evaluate  $\int \cos e^x dx$  (8M)
- b) Evaluate  $\int \frac{dx}{(x+2)(x+3)}$  (8M)
6. a) Solve the D.E  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2+1}{1+x^2}$  (8M)
- b) Find the  $L(e^{-t} \cosh t + t^2)$  (8M)
7. a) Find the derivate of  $\log [x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}]$  (8M)
- b) Find the derivate of  $3^x$ . (8M)