Roll No. Total No. of Pages: 03

Total No. of Questions: 15

MBA/MBA(IB) (2012 & onward) (Sem.-2) PRODUCTION AND OPERATION MANAGEMENT

Subject Code: MBA-202 Paper ID: [C0247]

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 60

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES:

- 1. SECTION-A contains SIX questions carrying FIVE marks each and students has to attempt any FOUR questions.
- SECTIONS-B consists of FOUR Sub-sections: Units-I, II, III & IV. Each Sub-section contains TWO questions each carrying EIGHT marks and student has to attempt any ONE question from each Sub-section.
- SECTION-C is COMPULSORY and consist of ONE Case Study carrying EIGHT marks.

SECTION-A

- Ql. Define Operations Management. Why do we study Operations Management?
- Q2. Differentiate between intermittent and continuous production system.
- Q3. Differentiate between process and product layout
- Q4. What is meant by productivity?
- Q5. Discuss Crosby's fourteen points of Quality Improvement.
- Q6. What is value analysis?

SECTION-B

UNIT 1

Q7. What is Product Development? Discuss the tools for product development.

OR

Q8. What is Facility Location? What are the factors affecting location?

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UNIT 2

Q9. What is Work Study? Discuss various techniques of work study.

OR

Q10. What is Capacity Planning? Discuss various factors influencing capacity planning.

UNIT 3

Q11. Highlight the importance of control charts in quality control with special reference to X-Charts, R-Charts and np charts.

OR

Q12. Explain Six Sigma Strategy in detail.

UNIT 4

Q13. What is Inventory Control? Explain the various tools of inventory control.

OR

Q14. Discuss the procedure involved in purchasing.

SECTION-C

CASE STUDY

Q15. Read the case carefully and answer the questions.

Indian Institute of Materials Managateeial (IIMM) is a forum for purchase and related employees and they have frequent meetings, seminars and annual conventions to share knowledge. In one of their annual conventions the topic was implementation of JIT for competitive advantages. Leading personalities of the Indian industries talked lots of positive points and benefits due to the JIT purchase and JIT manufacturing methods .Many presented calculations and statistics of savings in costs and time and how it helps in reduce the price of the end products and hence competitive advantage. Most of the audience were impressed about the theory and thought of practical application in their respective companies. However, few of the executive participants were more worried about practice and less interested in idealistic the ories. One Mr. Jltendra Joshi of LML 's Bangalore office was impressed. He has been arranging Engine Block castings, tyre tube sets, machined components, speedometers etc. from southern region to LML, Kanpur Unit. He has 15 years' of experience in facing lots of problems in arranging the long distance supplies. He mustered courage to get up and ask few questions against the JIT and summary of question to Mr. Sudhakar (the speaker) were as follows: Mr. Joshi said JIT cannot be fully implement able in Indian conditions due to following genuine constraints.(a)The inter-state disputes like 'Kaveri Dispute', "Border disputes' at times disturb the arrangements.(b)On and off terrorism, political agitations, holidays due to

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