

# CS/B.Optm/SEM-6/BO-606/2013 <br> 2013 <br> APPLIED OPTOMETRY \& ORTHOPTICS 

Time Allotted: 3 Hours
Full Marks : 70
The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A
( Multiple Choice Type Questions )

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following :

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10 \times 1=10
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i) Red Filter treatment is advocated in
a) Convergence insufficiency
b) Convergence excess
c) Duane's retraction syndrome
d) Amblyopia with eccentric fixation.
ii) Double Maddox Rod Test is generally done to
a) measure contrast sensitivity
b) measure angle of squint in cyclophoria
c) assess visual acuity in presence of squint
d) measure corneal thickness.

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iii) False orientation of an object is classically seenin
a) recent case of paralytic squint

b) old case of concommitant squint
c) alternate divergent squint
d) accommodative refractive esotropia.
iv) In Right Superior Oblique Palsy, Compensatory head posture is
a) Face turn to left side, chin elevated, Head tilt towards left shoulder
b) Face turn to left side, chin depressed, Head tilt towards left shoulder
c) Face turn to right side, chin elevated, Head tilt towards left shoulder
d) Face turn to left side, chin depressed, Head tilt towards right shoulder.
v) Titmus test is a test for
a) Ac: A ratio
b) Steropsis
c) Convergnce
d) Paralytic squint.
vi) Accomodative esotropia with high Ac: A ratio in children should be treated with
a) bifocal correction for near over distant correction
b) red filter
c) weak cycloplegic
d) none of these.
vii) Occlusion is a treatment for
a) cataract
b) exotropia
c) amblyopia
d) refractive error.

ix) If Worth 4 dot test, is done in a patient with squint \& patient sees 4 dots ( 2 green, 1 red, 1 amber) the probable diagnosis is
a) Amblyopia
b) Dissociated vertical deviation
c) Harmonious ARC
x) Accommodative Flipper is used for assessing
a) PRA \& NRA
b) Accommodative amplitude
c) Accommodative facility
d) Presbyopia.
xi) The task of reading involves
a) Accommodation
b) Convergence
c) Saccadic eye movements and pursuits
d) All of these.

## GROUP - B

( Short Answer Type Questions )
Write short notes on any three of the following.

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3 \times 5=15
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2. Duan's Retraction Syndrome
3. Hess Screen
4. Amblyopia
5. Suppression.

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Answer any three of the following. $\quad 3 \times 15=45$
6. What are the grades of Binocular vision ? Discuss the use of syneptophore for evaluating grades of binocular vision. What are the other uses of syneptophore.
7. a) Explain the terms (i) 'Amblyopic', (ii) 'Concomitant' squint.
b) Discuss the treatment of Amblyopic with Eccentric fixation.
$7 \frac{1}{2}+7 \frac{1}{2}$
8. What is Compensatory Head Posture ? Describe different types of Compensatory Head Postures that can be achieved in different cases of Paralytic Squint involving different Extra Ocular Muscle(s). What are the sensory adaptations in a case of early onset concomitant Squint. $2+9+4$
9. Describe the Clinical features of Left Superior Oblique Palsy. What changes may you expect (in relation to muscle action) in Contralateral synergist, Ipsilateral antagonist \& contralateral antagonist muscles in an old case of Left Superior Oblique Palsy.

Describe in detail how you will diagnose whether there is IVth crantial Nerve Palsy present or not in presence of III rd Cranial Nerve Palsy ? Write a short note on Bielschowsky's Head Tilt test.

