Poll No						

Total No. of Pages : 02

Total No. of Questions : 15

# MBA (2012 & Onward) (Sem.-3) CORPORATE LEGAL ENVIRONMENT Subject Code : MBA-302 Paper ID : [C1170]

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :**

- 1. SECTION-A contains SIX questions carrying FIVE marks each and students has to attempt any FOUR questions.
- 2. SECTIONS-B consists of FOUR Subsections : Units-I, II, III & IV. Each Subsection contains TWO questions each carrying EIGHT marks each and student has to attempt any ONE question from each Subsection.
- 3. SECTION-C is COMPULSORY and consist of ONE Case Study carrying EIGHT marks.
- 4. Analyze the facts given in the following case and answer the given questions.

# **SECTION-A**

1. "Parties to a contract must be competent to contract". Explain.

s of a vallefine delege. What are the essential

- 3. What is the difference between transfer of property and possession?
- 4. Define articles of association. What are the usual contents of articles of association?
- 5. Describe the documents necessary for a company to be incorporated and function under the Companies Act.
- 6. Distinguish between direct and indirect taxes.

## **SECTION-B**

## UNIT-I

- 7. "All contracts are agreements but all agreements are not contract." Explain.
- 8. What are the remedies for the breach of contract? o is an Agent?

## **UNIT-II**

- 9. What are the rights of an unpaid seller?
- 10. Discuss the liabilities of various parties to a negotiable instrument.

### UNIT-III

- 11. Discuss the contents of Memorandum of Association.
- 12. What are the requisites of a valid meeting?

## **UNIT-IV**

- 13. Explain the salient provisions relating to Central Excise Tax.
- 14. Describe the constitutional framework of taxation.

## **SECTION-C**

#### 15. Cas\e Study

The financial year AJP Company Ltd. Ended on 31 March, 2004. The AGM of the company could not be held for want of audited accounts on time. The ROC, at the request of the company, for certain other reasons granted an extension of three months *i.e.*, upto 31 December, 2004. The AGM even then could not be held. Instead it was held on 23January, 2005' and president accounts, director

dividend, appointment of directors and auditors were passed. Certain shareholders challenged the validity of all these resolutions on the ground that holding of meeting on 23 January, was in violation of the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Answer the following questions :

#### **Questions :**

- a. Whether the contentions the sector of the
- b. Whether the company can be exempted from holding the AGM for the financial year ended 31 March, 2004 on the grounds that the accounts were not ready?