

B. Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY - 2015

(Examination at the end of Second Year)

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Paper - I : Engineering Mathematics - IV

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

Answer question No.1 compulsory

(15)

Answer ONE question from each unit

(4 × 15 = 60)

- 1) a) Define one dimensional wave equation.
- b) What are the possible solutions of the wave equation.
- c) Write Laplace equation in Cartesian form.
- d) Define Cauchy Riemann equations in both Cartesian and polar coordinates.
- e) Define harmonic function and conjugate of harmonic function.
- f) Define poisson's integral formula.
- g) Find the Laurent's expansion of $z^2 e^{1/2}$ with center o.
- h) Write Laurent's series.

UNIT - I

- 2) A string is stretched and fastened to two points l apart motion is started by displacing the string in the form $y = a \sin \frac{\pi x}{l}$ from which it is released at time $t = 0$ show that the displacement of any point at a distance x from one end at time t is given by $u(x, t) = a \sin \frac{\pi x}{l} \cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{l} \right)$.

OR

- 3) Solve the Laplace's equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ with the boundary conditions.

$$u(0, y) = u(\pi, y) = 0 \text{ for ally}$$

$$u(x, \infty) = 0 \text{ in } 0 < x < \pi$$

$$u(x, 0) = 40 \quad 0 < x < \pi$$

UNIT – II

- 4) a) Evaluate $\oint_c \frac{e^{iz}}{z^2+1} dz$ where c is $|z| = 3$.
- b) Show that $v(x, y) = -\sin x \sinh y$ is harmonic find the conjugate harmonic of v .

OR

- 5) a) Using the Cauchy's integral formula $\oint_c \frac{\cos \pi z}{z^2-1} dz$ around a rectangle with vertices $2 \pm i, -2 \pm i$
- b) Compute $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{a^2+x^2}$.

UNIT - III

- 6) Evaluate $\int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{\cos mx}{x^2+a^2} dx$.

OR

- 7) State and prove Laurent's series.

UNIT – IV

- 8) Show that $W = \frac{i-z}{i+z}$ maps the real axis of z plane into the circle $|w| = 1$ and the half plane $y > 0$ into interior of unit circle $|w| = 1$ in the w – plane.

OR

- 9) Prove that cross ratio of four points is invariant under bilinear transformation.

