



M 22235

Reg. No. :

Name :

**VII Semester B.Tech. Degree (Reg./Supple./Improv. – Including Part Time)
Examination, November 2012
(2007 Admn. Onwards)**

PT2K6/2K6 EC 703 : INFORMATION THEORY AND CODING

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instruction : Answer ***all*** questions.

1. a) Define mutual information. List its properties.
- b) State and prove Kraft's Mc Millan inequality.
- c) Define primitive polynomials and irreducible polynomials. Give examples.
- d) Make Mod – 7 addition and multiplication table.
- e) Define hamming weight and hamming distance of (7, 4) linear block code. Define its minimum distance.
- f) Give the condition to be satisfied by a polynomial to be the generator polynomial of a cyclic code. Hence find the generator polynomial for a (7, 4) cyclic code.
- g) Explain how a maximum likelihood decoder becomes a minimum distance decoder in a BSC using convolution codes.
- h) What are Turbo codes ? With block diagram, explain the working of a Turbo encoder. **(8×5=40)**

P.T.O.



2. a) Consider two sources S_1 and S_2 emits messages x_1, x_2, x_3 and y_1, y_2, y_3 with joint probabilities $p(x,y)$ as given in matrix below. Calculate $H(x)$, $H(y)$, $H(x/y)$, $H(y/x)$ and $I(x, y)$.

$P(x, y)$	y_1	y_2	y_3
x_1	$\frac{3}{40}$	$\frac{1}{40}$	$\frac{1}{40}$
x_2	$\frac{1}{20}$	$\frac{3}{20}$	$\frac{1}{20}$
x_3	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$

15

OR

- b) i) State and prove maximal property and additive property of entropy. 5

- ii) Encode the following source symbols using Shannon Faro code and Huffmann code.

$$X = \{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5\}$$

$$p(x) = \{0.2, 0.1, 0.05, 0.05, 0.6\}$$

Find efficiency of this code in both methods. Compare performance of the coding methods. 10

3. a) i) Construct a table of $GF(2^3)$ based on the primitive polynomial $p(x) = 1 + x + x^3$. Determine the order of each element. 8

- ii) What is minimal polynomial. Find minimal polynomials of the elements of $GF(2^3)$. 7

OR

- b) i) Show that $x^5 + x^3 + 1$ is irreducible over $GF(2)$. 10

- ii) Let V be a vector space over a field F . Prove that for any scalar 'a' in F , and any vector v is V ,

$$(-a) \cdot v = a \cdot (-v) = -(a \cdot v).$$

5



4. a) Consider (6,3) linear block code generated by

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ then give its}$$

- i) Parity check matrix H
- ii) Encoder diagram
- iii) Standard array
- iv) Decoder block diagram. 15

OR

b) Describe the characteristics and encoding principle of RS codes. 15

5. a) Construct rate $\frac{1}{3}$, K=3, convolution encoder.

Given

$$g_1 = [100], g_2 = [101], g_3 = [111]$$

Sketch tree diagram and trellis diagram of this encoder. 15

OR

- b) Write notes on the following :
- i) Golay codes
 - ii) Trellis coded modulation
 - iii) Puncturing of a code. 15
-