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Ergg. mechanics-J
Con. 9042-12. (REVISED COURSE) KR-3411
(3 Hours) (Total Marks : 80
• Question number 1 is enorphilsory
• Attempt any Exequestions from remaining five questions.
• Figure to the right of the question paper indicate full marks.
• Assume societation due gravity value g-9.8 links²
• Assume suitable data wherever necessary
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• Assume a solutable of the force system
• Iso V 22.5N
• John - 45ⁿ - X
• John - 45

d) A particle moving in the +ve x direction has an acceleration. a $100 - 4v^2 \text{ m/s}^2$ Determine, the time interval and displacement of a particle when speed changes from Im/s to 3m/s. [04]

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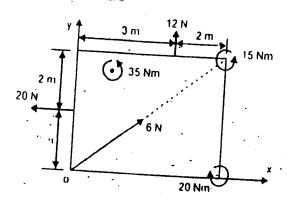
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e) A vertical lift of total mass 750kg acquires an upward velocity of 3m/s over a distance of 4m moving with constant acceleration starting from rest. Calculate the tension in the cable.
 [04]

2. Solve

a) Replace the system of forces and couples by a single force and locate the point on the x-axis through which he line of action of the resultant passes.

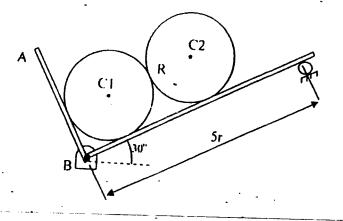


(b) Two identical rollers each of weight 500N and radius r are kept on a right angle frame ABC having negligible weight. Assuming smooth surfaces, find the reactions induced at all contact surfaces.

. [8]

[6]

Missing length = 2M 4



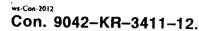
(c) A body of mass 2kg is projected upwards from the surface of the ground at t=0 with velocity 20m/s. At the same time another body of mass 2 kg is dropped along the same line from a height of 25m. If they collide elastically, find the velocities of body A and B just after collision.

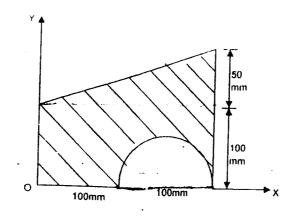
3. Solve

a) Find centroid of the shaded area.

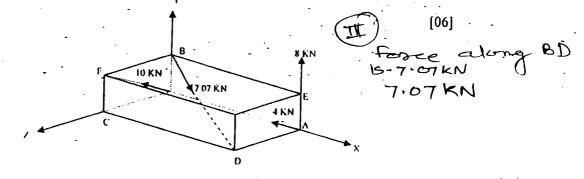
[08]

[6]

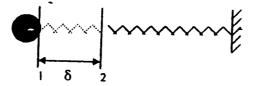




b) A rectangular parallelepiped carries 4 forces as shown in the figure. Reduce the force system to a resultant force applied at the origin and a moment around origin. OA=5m, OB=2m, OC=4m.

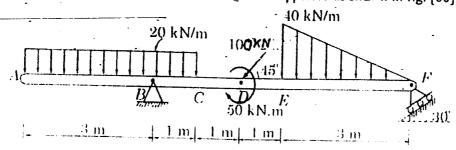


c) A spring of stiffness k is placed horizontally and a ball of mass m strikes the spring with a velocity v. find the maximum compression of the spring. Take m = 5kg.
 k = 500N/m, v = 3m/s. [06]



4. Solve

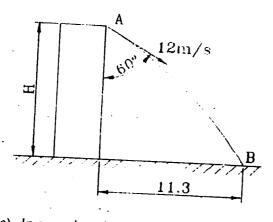
a. Find the support reactions for the beam loaded and supported as shown in fig. [08]



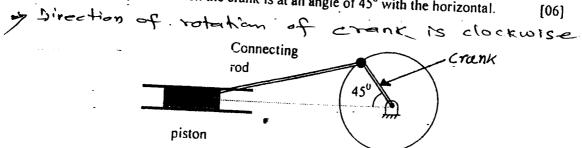
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b) A ball thrown with speed of 12 m/s at an angle of 60° with a building strikes the ground 11.3 m horizontally from the foot of the building as shown. Determine the height of the building [06].



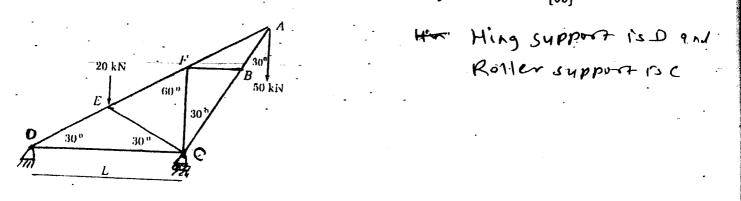
c) In a crank and connecting rod mechanism, the length of crank and the connecting rod are 300mm and 1200mm respectively. The crank is rotating at 180 rpm. Find the velocity of piston, when the crank is at an angle of 45⁰ with the horizontal. [06]



5.Solve

(a) Referring to the truss shown in fig. find

(i) Reactions at D and C (ii) Zero force members (iii)) Forces in members FE, and DC by method of sections and (iv) Forces in other members by method of joints [08]



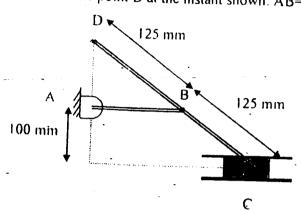
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Con. 9042–KR–3411–12.

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b) A point moves along a path $y=x^2/3$ with a constant speed of 8m/s. What are the x and y components of its velocity when x=3? What is the acceleration of the point at this instant?

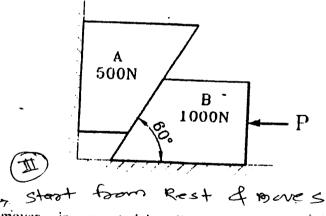
c) At the position shown in figure, the crank AB has Angular velocity of 3rad/sec clockwise.
 Find the velocity of slider C and the point D at the instant shown. AB=100mm. [06]



- 6. Solve

- a) Force [= 80i + 50j 60k passes through a point A (6, 2, 6). Compute its moment about a point B (8, 1, 4).
- b) Assuming the values for μ =0.25 at the floor and 0.3 at the wall and 0.2 between the blocks, find the minimum value of horizontal force P applied to the lower block that will hold the system in equilibrium.





c) The car (moves in a straight line such that for a short time its velocity is defined by $v = (9t^2 + 2t)m/s$. Where t is in seconds. Determine its position and acceleration when t = 3 sec. [04]

d) Three $m_1, m_2 \ll m_3$ of masses 1.5Kg, 2Kg & 1Kg respectively are placed on a rough surface with $\mu = 0.20$, as shown. If a force F is applied to accelerate the blocks at $3m/s^2$, what will be the force that 1.5Kg block exerts on 2Kg block? [04]

