

29/5/13

T.E (ETRX) VI Rev.
Discrete Time Signal & System.

59 : 1ST HALF-13 (s)-JP

Con. 9728-13.

(3 Hours)

GS-1216

[Total Marks : 100

- N.B.** (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 (2) Attempt any four questions from remaining questions.
 (3) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
 (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. (a) Classify the following systems on the basis of linearity and time variance / invariance: 5
- (i) $y[n] = 4x[n] - 2y[n-1]$
 - (ii) $y[n] - 2ny[n-1] = x[n]$
 - (iii) $y[n] + 2y^2[n] = 2x[n] - x[n-1]$
 - (iv) $y[n] - 2y[n-1] = 2^{x[n]}x[n]$
 - (v) $y[n] = x[-n]$
- (b) Find the number of complex addition and complex multiplication required to find DFT for 16 point signal. Compare them with number of computations required, if FFT algorithm is used. 5
- (c) Prove that Discrete time harmonics are not always periodic in frequency. 5
- (d) Compare IIR and FIR. 5
2. (a) Determine causal, non causal and both sided signal associated with z-transform. 10

$$x(z) = \frac{1}{1 + 1.5z^{-1} + 0.5z^{-2}}$$

- (b) If $x[n] = \{3, 2, 1, 2\}$, $h[n] = \{1, 2, 1, 2\}$ 10
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Determine linear convolution.

3. (a) Consider a sequence $x[n] = \{1, 2, 1, 2, 0, 2, 1, 2\}$. Determine DFT using DITFFT. 10
- (b) Find DFT of the sequence $x[n] = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and using this result and not otherwise. 10
- Find DFT of –
- (i) $x_1[n] = \{1, 0, 2, 0, 3, 0, 4, 0\}$
 - (ii) $x_2[n] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0\}$
 - (iii) $x_3[n] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$

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4. (a) The transfer function of discrete time system has poles at $z = \frac{1}{3}$, $z = \pm \frac{j}{2}$, and $z = -2 \pm j$ and zeros at $z = 0$ and $z = -1$. 10
- Sketch pole-zero diagram
 - Derive the system transfer function
 - Develop difference equation
 - Find if the system is stable.
- (b) Derive the composite radix for $\delta = 2 \cdot 3$ algorithm. Draw the flow chart. 10
5. (a) Explain Overlap add and overlap save method. 10
- (b) Determine the steady state response of the system $H(z) = \frac{3z^2}{z^2 - z + 1}$ for the input 10
- $$x[n] = (0.6)^n + 2(0.4)^n \cos(0.5n\pi - 100^\circ).$$
6. (a) Show DF-I, DF-II, cascade and parallel realization for $H(z) = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}{1 - z^{-1} + \frac{3}{16}z^{-2}}$. 10
- (b) Let $H(z) = \frac{z^2}{z^2 - \frac{1}{6}z - \frac{1}{6}}$ let the input $x[n] = 4u(n)$ and the initial conditions be 10
- $$y[-1] = 0, y[-2] = 12.$$
- Find :—
- Zero input response
 - Zero state response
 - Total response.
7. Write short notes (any four) :— 20
- Properties of DTFT
 - Geortzel Algorithm
 - Mapping between s-plane and z-plane
 - Applications of DSP to Biomedical field
 - TMS 320C5X series processor.