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Invigilator's Signature :	

CS / B.TECH (CSE) / SEM-4 / CS-401 / 2011

2011

FORMAL LANGUAGE AND AUTOMATA THEORY

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

- 1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following : $10 \times 1 = 10$
 - i) Moore machine output depends on
 - a) input
 - b) input and present state
 - c) present state
 - d) none of these.
 - ii) FSM can recognize
 - a) a grammar dependent on characteristic of FSM
 - b) on CFG
 - c) any unambiguous grammar
 - d) only regular grammar.

[Turn over

4001



$$X \to XY$$
$$X \to zX/bX/a$$
$$Y \to Ya/Yb/b$$

Any string of terminals, which can be generated by the CFG

- a) has at least one b
- b) ends with a
- c) has no consecutive *a*'s or *b*'s
- d) has at least 2 a's.
- vi) A grammar that produces more than one parse tree for some sentence is said to be
 - a) contiguous b) ambiguous
 - c) unambiguous d) regular.
- 4001

 $S \rightarrow aS/bS/a/b$

The regular expression for L is

a)
$$a+b$$
 b) $(a+b)^*$

c)
$$(a+b)(a+b)^*$$
 d) $(aa+bb)a^*b^*$.

- viii) If Q is the number of states in the NFA, the equivalent DFA can have maximum number of states
 - a) Q b) Q-1c) 2Q-1 d) 2^Q .
- ix) A CFG, $S \rightarrow aS/bS/a/b$, is equivalent to
 - a) $(a+b)^+$ b) $(a+b)(a+b)^*$
 - c) $(a+b)^*(a+b)$ d) all of these.
- x) A Push down automaton is different from a finite automaton because of
 - a) a read head
 - b) a memory in the form of stack
 - c) a set of states
 - d) all of these.

4001

[Turn over

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(Short Answer Type Questions)

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

Answer any three of the following.

GROUP – B

2. Convert the following Context-free grammar into an equivalent grammar in CNF

 $S \rightarrow 1A/0B$ $A \rightarrow 1AA/0S/0$ $B \rightarrow 0BB/1S/1$

Is the following machine information lossless ? If yes, find the 3. order of losslessness.

סת	NS, z		
FS	X = 0	<i>X</i> = 1	
Α	<i>A</i> , 0	<i>B</i> , 0	
В	<i>C</i> , 0	<i>D</i> , 0	
C	D, 1	<i>C</i> , 1	
D	<i>B</i> , 1	A, 1	

4. Let G be the grammar

 $S \rightarrow aB/ba, A \rightarrow a/aS/bAA, B \rightarrow b/bS/aBB$

For the string aaabbabbba, find

- leftmost derivation a)
- b) rightmost derivation
- parse tree. c)
- 5. Construct a Turing machine that accepts all strings over $\{0, 1\}$ with an even number 0's and even number of 1's.
- 4001

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- 6. Test whether the following machine is definite or not
 - i) by using synchronizing tree
 - ii) by using repeated derivation of contracted table
 - iii) if the machine is definite,

what is the order of definiteness ? Justify.

Present State	Next State		
	<i>a</i> = 0	<i>a</i> = 1	
Α	А	В	
В	С	В	
C	A	D	
D	С	В	

GROUP – C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. a) Construct a DFA diagram from the NFA given below :



6

b) Convert Mealy Machine to Moore Machine.



6

c) What are Kleene Closure and Positive Closure ? Give example for both. 2 + 1

4001

[Turn over



9. a) Give the Regular Expression for the DFA using Arden Theorem.



5

- b) What is Griebach Normal Form (GNF) for Context Free grammar ? 1 + 4Convert the following grammar into GNF $S \rightarrow ABb/a$
 - $A \rightarrow aaA/B$
 - $B \rightarrow bAb$
- c) Using Pumping Lemma show that $L = \{a^n b^n : n \ge 0\}$ is not regular. 5

4001



c) Construct PDA for
$$L = \{ww^{-}: w \text{ belongs to } (0,1)\}$$
. 5

Present	Next State, o/p			
State	<i>i/p</i> = 0	<i>i/p</i> = 1	<i>i/p</i> = 2	<i>i/p</i> = 3
Α	—	<i>C</i> , 1	<i>E</i> , 1	<i>B</i> , 1
В	<i>E</i> , 0	_		—
С	<i>F</i> , 0	<i>F</i> , 1		_
D	—	_	<i>B</i> , 1	—
E	—	<i>F</i> , 0	<i>A</i> , 0	D, 1
\overline{F}	<i>C</i> , 0		<i>B</i> , 0	<i>C</i> , 1

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7

[Turn over

3