

**21E(A)**

**SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper - I**

(English version)

**Parts A and B**

**Time : 2½ Hours]**

**[Maximum Marks : 50**

**Instructions :**

1. Answer the questions under **Part-A** on a separate answer book.
2. Attach the given outline map of **India** with the answer book of **Part-A**.

**Part-A**

**Time : 2 Hours**

**Marks : 35**

**SECTION-I**

**5×2=10**

**NOTE :**

1. Answer **ANY FIVE** questions, choosing atleast **TWO** from each of the following **Groups A** and **B**.
2. Each question carries **TWO** marks.

**GROUP - A**

1. In what ways is water bought and sold in your area and for what purposes ? Do you think there should be some checks and balances for this ?
2. Answer the questions by studying the data given below.

*Population of Visakhapatnam*

Year	Population	% change
1951	1,08,042	+53.8%
1961	2,11,190	+95.5%
1971	3,63,467	+72.1%
1981	6,03,630	+66.1%
1991	7,52,031	+24.6%
2001	13,45,938	+78.97%
2011	20,35,690	+51.2%

- Q.** (i) In which decade, the change in the population percentage is less ?  
(ii) What are the reasons for increasing population in Visakhapatnam ?

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3. Read the following paragraph and answer the question.

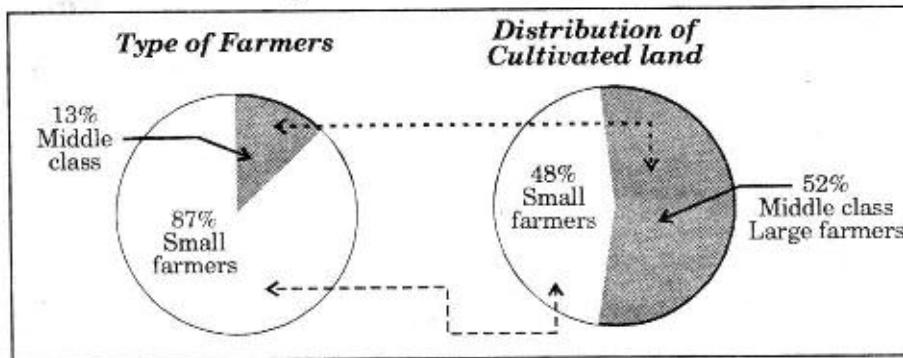
People migrate from rural areas mainly due to insufficient employment opportunities and inadequate income available in rural employment. People also migrate with the expectation of higher incomes.

**Q.** *In urban areas, what are the common sectors of the economy in which migrants from the rural areas find employment ? Give examples.*

4. What are the factors that help to achieve the high literacy in Himachal Pradesh ?

### GROUP - B

5. Why are only unskilled workers from India wanted in West Asian countries ?
6. Is the classification of economic activities into primary, secondary and tertiary useful ? Explain any two uses.
7. Observe the Pie diagram and answer the following questions.



- Q.** (i) What do the arrows indicate ?
- (ii) Would you agree that the distribution of cultivated land is unequal in India ?
8. If the food grain production is affected because of natural calamity, in what ways can the Government ensure higher availability of food grains ?

### SECTION-II

4×1=4

**NOTE :** 1. Answer **ANY FOUR** of the following questions in one or two sentences each.

2. Each question carries **ONE** mark.

9. Why do certain places attract more people as settlements ? Mention the reasons.
10. What are called Mega Cities ?
11. Give any two examples, which give vitamins.

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12. Read the table given below and answer the following questions.

Date	Location : .....		Location : .....	
	Sunrise	Sunset	Sunrise	Sunset
5, January	05 : 59	16 : 37	07 : 20	18 : 05

Q. Which of these data are for rising and setting times for the Sun at Ahmedabad and Imphal ?

13. Expand the term F.C.I.

14. What do the large and medium farmers do to get labour for their farms in Rampur ?

### SECTION-III

4×4=16

NOTE : 1. Answer **ANY FOUR** questions, choosing atleast **TWO** from each of the following Groups **A** and **B**.

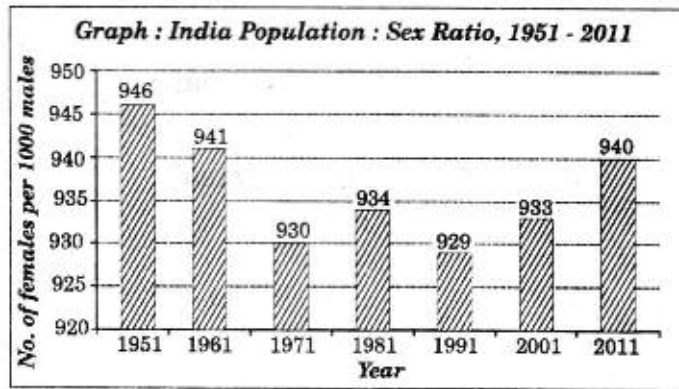
2. Each question carries **FOUR** marks.

#### GROUP - A

15. How are the Eastern coastal plains and Western coastal plains similar or different ?

16. Describe India's climate controls.

17. Observe the graph given below and answer the following questions.



- Q. (a) What does the above graph explain ?  
 (b) In which year, the least sex ratio is recorded ?  
 (c) How was the sex ratio calculated ?  
 (d) How many times the female number is recorded more than 935 ?

18. Should ground-water regulation be primarily community-led as in the case of Hiware Bazar ?

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**GROUP - B**

19. What were the reasons for putting barriers to foreign trade and foreign investment by the Indian Government ? Why did it wish to remove these barriers ?
20. Environment protection is not just crucial for those communities directly affected but for all of us. Explain with few examples.
21. Read the table given below and answer the following questions.

Workers	Ploughing	Sowing	Weeding	Trans-planting	Harvesting	Winnowing	Threshing	Picking Cotton
Male	214	197	215	-	164	168	152	-
Female	-	152	130	143	126	124	118	136

- Q. (a) What are the works done only by male workers ?
- (b) What are the works done only by female workers ?
- (c) In which works, the wages are different for male and female ?
- (d) What are the reasons for paying less wages to female workers than male workers ?
22. In what ways, agricultural bio-diversification is useful to Indian farmers ? Explain.

**SECTION - IV**

5×1=5

**NOTE :** Mark the following places on the given outline map of **India**.

**23. Group - A**

1. Ooty
2. Chotanagpur plateau
3. River Luni
4. Delhi
5. Lakshadweep Islands

**OR****Group - B**

1. Kashmir
  2. Himalayan mountains
  3. River Tapi
  4. Canara coast
  5. Indira point
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**SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper - I**

(English version)

**Parts A and B**

**Time : 2½ Hours]**

**[Maximum Marks : 50**

**Instructions :** Write the answers to the questions under **Part-B** on the Question paper itself and attach it to the answer book of **Part-A**.

**Part - B**

**Time : 30 minutes**

**Marks : 15**

- Note :**
1. Answer **all** the questions.
  2. Each question carries ½ mark.
  3. Answers are to be written in the Question Paper only.
  4. Marks will **not** be awarded in case of any over-writing, re-writing or erased answers.

- I. Write the CAPITAL LETTER showing the correct answer for the following questions in the brackets provided against them.** 20×½= 10
1. Mishmi hills are located in ..... [     ]  
(A) Jammu & Kashmir                      (B) Assam  
(C) Arunachal Pradesh                      (D) Meghalaya
  2. The latitude that passes through India is ..... [     ]  
(A) Equator                                      (B) Tropic of Cancer.  
(C) Tropic of Capricorn.                      (D) All the above.
  3. India gets highest rainfall with the influence of ..... [     ]  
(A) South-West monsoons.                      (B) North-East monsoons.  
(C) Local winds.                                      (D) All the above.

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4. The following is not a Himalayan river. [     ]  
 (A) Ganga (B) Sindhu  
 (C) Brahmaputra (D) Mahanadi
5. The following longitude is the standard meridian for India. [     ]  
 (A)  $82^{\circ} 30'$  Eastern longitude.  
 (B)  $98^{\circ} 27'$  Eastern longitude.  
 (C)  $92^{\circ} 30'$  Eastern longitude  
 (D)  $72^{\circ} 30'$  Eastern longitude
6. The highest peak in Annamalai hills is ..... [     ]  
 (A) Anaimudi (B) Dodabetta  
 (C) Gurusikhar (D) Aroya konda
7. The percentage of people working in unorganised sector in India is ..... [     ]  
 (A) 65 (B) 75  
 (C) 83 (D) 92
8. The least temperature and rainfall is recorded at ..... [     ]  
 (A) Leh (B) Delhi  
 (C) Chennai (D) Jaipur
9. The river Sindhu flows through ..... [     ]  
 (A) Pakistan (B) China  
 (C) Bangladesh (D) Japan
10. The second biggest city in India is ..... [     ]  
 (A) Mumbai (B) Punjab  
 (C) Delhi (D) Chennai
11. To understand settlement, we need to look at these basic concepts. [     ]  
 (A) Site (B) Situation  
 (C) The history of the place. (D) All the above.

12. The number of workers migrate from India to west Asia per year is ..... [      ]  
 (A) 2 lakhs (B) 3 lakhs  
 (C) 5 lakhs (D) 4 lakhs
13. Education revolution is started in India in this State ..... [      ]  
 (A) Maharashtra (B) Punjab  
 (C) Himachal Pradesh (D) Uttar Pradesh
14. From the following, ..... does not come under Organised sector. [      ]  
 (A) Postman (B) Doctor  
 (C) Teacher (D) Agricultural labour.
15. The following is not a crop of Kharif. [      ]  
 (A) Paddy (B) Wheat  
 (C) Jowar (D) Bajra
16. The people working in rural areas recommended to take ..... kilograms calories. [      ]  
 (A) 200 (B) 2,100  
 (C) 2,400 (D) 2,300
17. TATA company manufactures ..... [      ]  
 (A) Vehicles (B) Colours  
 (C) Medicines (D) Textile
18. Right to Life is under the Article ..... [      ]  
 (A) Article 21 (B) Article 22  
 (C) Article 23 (D) Article 24
19. The State that has least sex ratio is ..... [      ]  
 (A) Kerala (B) Tamilnadu  
 (C) Himachal Pradesh (D) Maharashtra
20. 'Dharavi' slum is located in this city. [      ]  
 (A) Delhi (B) Mumbai  
 (C) Ahmedabad (D) Kolkata

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**W****P.T.O.**

**II. Fill in the blanks with suitable answers.**  
**Each question carries  $\frac{1}{2}$  mark.**

$5 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$

21. The northern boundary of Deccan plateau .....
22. Expand U.N.D.P .....
23. Raw material and money which are necessary for production are called ..... investment.
24. Cultivation of more than one crop in a year is called .....
25. The revolutionary period to uproot the dictators in Western Asia and North Africa was termed as ..... by media.

**III. Match the following. Each question carries  $\frac{1}{2}$  mark.**

$5 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$

**Group - A**

**Group - B**

- |  |         |   |
|--|---------|---|
| 26. Chotanagpur plateau                | [     ] | (A) Hyderabad   |
| 27. Bursting of monsoon                | [     ] | (B) Minerals  |
| 28. Rajiv Gandhi International Airport | [     ] | (C) D.D.T.  |
| 29. Removal of mosquitoes              | [     ] | (D) June  |
| 30. Literates                          | [     ] | (E) Tamilnadu   |
|  |         | (F) Those who are above seven years and can read and write. |