

Invigilator's Signature :

CS/BCA/SEM-2/BCA-201/2011 2011 COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE AND SYSTEM SOFTWARE

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP – A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

- 1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following : $10 \times 1 = 10$
 - i) The program that translates a high-level language program to binary is called
 - a) compiler b) byte code
 - c) operating system d) none of these.
 - ii) There are two major types of control organization. They are
 - a) Hardwared control and micro-programmed control
 - b) Hardware and software
 - c) Operating system and hardware
 - d) System software and application software.

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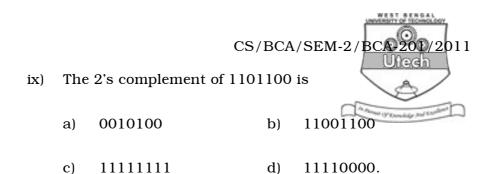
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- iii) The full form of MRI is
 - a) Memory reference instruction
 - b) Memory reference interpreter
 - c) Memory reference interrupt
 - d) None of these.
- iv) The input symbolic program is called
 - a) Source program b) Object-program
 - c) Byte code d) None of these.
- v) The data register is sometimes called
 - a) Pipeline register b) Buffer
 - c) Compiler d) Sequencer.
- vi) The full form of PSW is
 - a) Program status word
 - b) Password status word
 - c) Program status work
 - d) Password status work.
- vii) The full form of RISC is
 - a) Reduced Instruction Set Computer
 - b) Register Instruction Set Computer
 - c) Reduced Instruction Set Component
 - d) None of these.
- viii) 9's complement of 546700 is
 - a) 453299 b) 483270
 - c) 32955 d) 669290.

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- x) The full form of MAR is
 - a) Memory Address Register
 - b) Memory Address Routine
 - c) Memory Adder Register
 - d) Multiplexer Adder Register.

GROUP – B (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 2. Establish the concept of three state lens buffer
- 3. Describe the working principle of binary incrementer.
- 4. What is OP code ? What is instruction code ? What is Assembler ? 1 + 2 + 2
- 5. What is locality of reference ? What is biased exponent ? 2 + 3
- 6. Discuss the memory read and memory write operations.

2004 3 [Turn over

CS/BCA/SEM-2/BCA-201/2011



GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions) Answer any *three* of the following.

- Describe the rules of the language ? What do you mean by subroutine ? What is binary adder ?9 + 3 + 3
- 8. What is parallel processing ? Describe the working principle of pipelining. Explain the major characteristics of an RISC processor. 2 + 10 + 3
- 9. Write the applications of vector processing. Explain memory interleaving. 5 + 10
- 10. a) Perform the subtraction with following unsigned decimal number by taking the 10's complement of the subtrahend.

5250 - 1321

b) Perform the subtraction with the following unsigned binary number by taking the 2's complement of the subtrahend.

11010 – 1101

- c) Explain asynchronous mode of data transfer. 5 + 5 + 5
- 11. Write short notes on any *three* of the following : 3×5
 - a) Memory stack
 - b) Addressing modes
 - c) Program interrupt
 - d) Data dependency
 - e) Content Addressable Memory (CAM).

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