

# I Semester M.Com. (F&A) Examination, February 2019 (CBCS) 1.1 : ACCOUNTING CONVENTIONS AND STANDARDS

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

#### SECTION - A

- Answer any seven questions out of ten. Each question carries two marks. (7x2=14)
  - a) Define 'Accounting Standards'.
  - State any two reasons why Government should set the Accounting Standards.
  - c) Name the three fundamental accounting assumptions as per AS-1.
  - d) How do you treat Government Grants in the nature of promoters' contribution?
  - e) What are the two acceptable methods for recognition of revenue under AS-9?
  - f) What are interim financial statements?
  - g) What is a qualifying asset? And how do you treat borrowing costs relating to such qualifying assets?
  - h) State any two differences between Accounting Standards (in India) and International Accounting Standards (IAS/IFRS).
  - i) What is the prescribed accounting treatment for Research Expenditure?
  - i) How do you treat post-employment benefits : Defined Contribution Plans ?

#### SECTION - B

Answer any four questions out of six. Each question carries five marks.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$ 

- 2. What are the difficulties faced by the Standard Setters?
- Explain the principles for preparation of first balance sheet of a transferee company under an amalgamation in the nature of merger.
- Explain Deferred Tax.

- 5. List out the steps involved in issuing Accounting Standards in India.
- 6. What are the standards relating to Government Grants under AS-12?
- 7. Give the formula for calculating Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share.

#### SECTION - C

Answer any three questions out of five. Each question carries twelve marks. (3x12=36)

- Explain the provisions of AS 2 Valuation of Inventories.
- Explain the principles of accounting for fixed assets based on "AS-10: Accounting for Fixed Assets".
- How do you treat the following items in the financial statements based on AS -11?
   "Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates".
  - a) Transactions in Foreign Currency
  - b) Foreign Operations.
- What are the two types of Leases? Explain the accounting treatment of these 'Leases' by Lessor and Lessee.
- Prepare Cash Flow Statement of Rapid Limited in accordance with AS-3 from the following summary cash account for the year ending 31st March 2016. You may use either direct method or indirect method.

#### Rapid Limited Balance Sheet as at 31-3-2016

- FR		Rs. In lakhs
I. Equity and Liabilities	As at 31-3-2016	As at 31-3-2015
1) Shareholders Funds		
a) Share Capital	1,500	1,000
b) Reserves and Surplus	1,075	550
2) Non-Current Liabilities		
a) Long-Term Borrowings	1,300	1,000
3) Current Liabilities		
a) Trade Payables	1,000	850
b) Interest Payable	100	75
c) Income Tax Payable	150	100
Total	5,125	3,575

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11.	Assets	As at 31-3-2016	As at 31-3-2015
	1) Non-Current Assets		
	a) Tangible Fixed Assets	2,000	1,500
	b) Non-Current Investments	400	250
	c) Long Term Loans and Advanc	es 425	325
	2) Current Assets		
	a) Inventories	825	625
	b) Trade Receivables	1,100	825
	c) Cash and Cash Equivalents	375	50
	Total	5,125	3,575

#### Profit and Loss Account for the Year ended 31-3-2016

		Rs. In lakhs
Income:		
Sales	5,500	
Interest	75	
Dividend	50_	
Total		5,625
Expenditure :		
Cost of Sales	3,300	3 8
Administrative and Selling Expenses	1,060	
Interest	200	
Depreciation	240	
Total		4,800
Net Profit before Taxation		825
Less: Tax Expense		300_
Net Profit after tax		525
Balance brought forward		550_
Balance carriéd to Balance Sheet		1,075

#### Additional Information:

- · Repayment of Term Loan amounted to Rs. 100 lakhs.
- Amount realized on disposal of old-fixed assets Rs. 200 lakhs (Book Value Rs. 200 lakhs).



# I Semester M.Com. (FA)/MFA Examination, January/February 2018 (CBCS)

# Paper 1.1 : ACCOUNTING CONVENTIONS AND STANDARDS

Time: 3 Hours and the support to be a cooking a cooking and the support of the cooking and the

Max. Marks: 70

# SECTION - A

1. Answer any seven questions out of ten. Each question carries two marks.

(7×2=14)

- a) Define 'Accounting Standards'. The world will be a supplied by the supplied of the supplied by the supplied
- b) List any four areas where differing accounting policies are followed.
- c) What are the circumstances under which changes in accounting policies are made?
  - d) Why does prior period item arise ? Give two examples of prior period items.
  - e) What are the two permitted accounting treatments in respects of Government Grants related to depreciable fixed assets?
  - f) Define "Current Investments". "The plants the ball and librate will be a sense."
  - g) What is the accounting treatment of Goodwill arising on Amalgamation?
  - h) Name the two types of Leases and specify who can claim depreciation on the leased assets, as per AS-19.
  - i) How is "Basic Earnings Per Share" calculated?
    - j) Define "Timing Difference" and give two examples.

#### SECTION-B

Answer any four questions out of six. Each question carries five marks.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$ 

2. What is an Exposure Draft ? How does this help in the process of issuance of accounting standards?

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- 3. How are Accounting Standards classified ? Explain in one or two sentences, each type of Accounting Standards. Semester M.Com. (FA)/MFA E
- 4. Explain in five points, the accounting standard relating to valuation of inventories.
- 5. What are the two methods used for recognition of revenue from rendering of services ? Give any three services under special conditions and respective revenue recognition norms as given in the Accounting Standard.
- 6. Explain the accounting treatment of Initial recognition of foreign currency transactions. Also explain the provisions relating to valuation of such items at the Balance Sheet date.
- 7. What are Government Grants? How are they accounted? PODA Smile (1)

# CHECKENICO INTILI SECTION - C HOTHY BROTE TUDI VITE ISLE (d

Answer any three questions out of five. Each question carries twelve marks.

(3×12=36)

- 8. Explain the benefits of Accounting Standards. Are there any difficulties faced by the standard setters, in general?
- 9. Explain the provisions of AS 10 Property, Plant and Equipment.
- 10. What are the conditions for an amalgamation to be considered in the nature of merger ? Explain the accounting method to be followed in such cases, as prescribed under AS-14. Www.book to manufaced protocopia orbital barilly to
- 11. What are the standards set by AS-15 "Employee Benefits"?
- 12. Prepare Cash Flow Statement of Pixel Electronics Limited in accordance with AS-3 from the following summary cash account for the year ending 31st March 2017. You may use either direct method or indirect method.

### Pixel Electronics Limited

## Balance Sheet as on 31-3-2017

		Rs. In thousands
Liabilities	As at 31-3-2017	As at 31-3-2016
Share Capital	11,000	6,600
Reserves and Surplus	4,400	3,960



Long-term Loans	4,400	7,260
Sundry Creditors	7,260	6,160
Interest Payable	770	Conflinis and Countered 550
Income-tax Payable	1,100	770
Proposed Dividend	2,200	1,760
Total	31,130	40th xe   enote 27,060 m/
Assets	As at 31-3-2017	As at 31-3-2016
Net Fixed Assets	13,200	9,900
Long Term-Investments	4,180	3,960
Inventories	4,400	4,620
Sundry Debtors	8,140	8,030
Interest Receivable	550	330
Cash and Bank Balances	660	220
Total	31,130	27,060

## Profit and Loss Account For Year Ending 31-3-2017

Income	Amount
Sales	38,060
Interest (TDS Rs. 15)	550
Dividend	330
Total (1)	38.940



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Cost of Sales	23,760	
Administrative and Selling Expenses	7,700	
Interest	1,320	
Depreciation	1,760	
Total (2)	34,540	
Net Profit before Taxation (1) – (2)	4,400	
Less: Current Tax Expenses	1,320	Communication of the Communica
Net Profit after tax	3,080	

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During the year the Company paid a Dividend of Rs. 2,640 thousands.

## I Semester M.Com. (F&A)/MFA Examination, January 2017 (CBCS) Paper 1.1: ACCOUNTING CONVENTIONS AND STANDARDS

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

#### SECTION - A

- Answer any seven sub-questions out of ten. Each question carries two marks.  $(7 \times 2 = 14)$ 
  - a) What are the objectives of ASB?
  - b) What is Net Realisable Value as per AS-2?
  - c) What is meant by convention of 'Conservatism'?
  - d) How are events occurring after the Balance Sheet date treated as per AS-4?
  - e) How depreciation is charged on additions which are integral part of the main asset as per AS-6?
  - f) Name the three categories of transactions in order as per AS-3.
  - g) How are deferred tax assets and liabilities treated as per AS-22?
  - h) State any two advantages of IFRS.
  - i) What accounting policies are prescribed for lessors in AS-19?
  - j) Mention the two categories of Amalgamations as per AS-14.

#### SECTION-B

Answer any four questions out of six. Each question carries five marks.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$ 

- 2. Classify the adjusting and non-adjusting entries as per AS-4 with suitable examples.
- 3. Explain he valuation of raw material as per AS-2.
- 4. Briefly state the objectives of converging from Indian GAAP to Ind-AS.



- 5. Briefly explain the standards in respect of fixed assets as per AS-10.
- 6. What are the disclosers in financial statements recommended by AS-12 regarding Government Grants?
- 7. Explain the difference between direct and indirect methods of reporting cash flows from operating activities with reference to AS-3.

#### SECTION-C

Answer any three questions out of five. Each question carries twelve marks.
(3×12=36)

- 8. Explain AS-7 constructions contracts.
- 9. Write short notes on the followings.
  - a) IFRS
  - b) AS-1
  - c) Ind-AS
  - d) Accounting for foreign currency as per AS-11.
- 10. Explain the provisions of AS 2 Inventory valuation.
- 11. Explain the treatment of intangible assets as per AS-26.
- 12. The directors of Durex Tools Ltd. are very much worried at the deteriorating financial position of the concern has availed full overdraft facility from SBI of India and still it is not able to pay off its creditors on due dates not withstanding satisfactory profits earned by it. The following are the Balance Sheets as at 31st December, 2014 and 2015.

Liabilities	2014 (Rs.)	2015 (Rs.)	Assets	2014 (Rs.)	2015 (Rs.)
Share capital in	1,00,000	1,00,000	Land and Buildings	30,000	50,000
shares of Rs.10 fully paid			Plant and Machinery (cost)	50,000	60,000
Profit and Loss a/c	6,000	8,000	Vehicles (cost)	11,600	12,400

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Bank overdraft

16,000 6

60,000 Stock

22,000 72

72,000

Creditors

20,000

60,000 Debtors

46,000

60,000

Provisions for

Depreciation:

Plant and Machinery

12,000 18,000

Vehicles

5,600

8,400

1,59,600 2,54,400

1,59,600 2,54,400

During the year a dividend of 10% was paid to share holders. On 1st January, 2015 an asset which was originally purchased for Rs. 2,000 and showing a book value of Rs. 1,000 was sold for Rs. 1,600. You are required to prepare a statement of cash flow as per AS-3 which should indicate as what has happened to the money which has come into the business during the year 2015.



### I Semester M.F.A. Degree Examination, January 2016 (Semester Scheme) FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING Paper - 1.1 : Accounting Conventions & Standards

Deline Contract Revenue', What are the behancovered under Contract Revenue

Time: 3 Hours

ours Max. Marks : Max. Marks share share an analysis of the analysis of the control of the contr Max. Marks: 80

Instruction : Answer all Sections.

Answer any ten questions from the following in about 3-4 lines each. Each question carries 2 marks. (10x2 = 20)

- 1. a) Define 'Accounting Standards'.
  - b) Identify any four benefits of 'Accounting Standards'.
  - c) List any four areas where more than one accounting treatment is possible.
  - d) What do you mean by "Deferred tax"?
  - e) What are the three heads under which cash movement is explained in a Cash Flow Statement? f) What are 'prior period items'?

  - g) What are employee benefits?
  - h) Explain the conditions for capitalization of borrowing costs.
  - i) What are the types of 'Earnings Per Share' that are required to be disclosed?
  - j) What kind of Accounting Policies' would you adopt while presenting Interim Financial Report?
  - k) How do you calculate 'Impairment Loss'?
  - 1) Identify any two differences between Accounting Standards followed in India and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).



#### SECTION - B

Answer any three questions from the following. Each question carries 5 marks.

(3 $\times$ 5 = 15)

- 2. Define 'Contract Revenue'. What are the items covered under Contract Revenue as stated in AS 7 : Construction Contracts.
- 3. What are foreign currency transactions and explain their accounting treatment as stated in AS 11: Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates?
- 4. Explain any two types of Government Grants and explain their accounting treatment as stated in AS 12: Government Grants.
- What are the classifications of investments? Explain the standard prescribed in AS 13: Accounting for Investments with regard to 'Reclassification of Investments'.
  - Explain 'Related Party Transactions' and give five examples for such transactions.

#### SECTION - C

Answer **any two** questions from the following. **Each** question carries **15** marks.  $(2\times15=30)$ 

- 7. Explain the standards set for Valuation of Inventories under AS 2.
- 8. What are the conditions for recognizing revenue from sale of goods? When do you recognize revenue in respect of the following:
  - a) Installation and inspection.
  - b) Sale on Approval.
  - c) Warranty Sales.
- d) Consignment Sales.
  - e) Installments Sales.
- What are Fixed Assets' ? Explain the provisions of AS: 10 with respect to Accounting for Fixed Assets.
- Define 'Amalgamation' and explain the types of amalgamation and their accounting treatment.



# STOWART IS being bolies SECTION - D no literate to membrate (and the case) (Compulsory) (1×15 = 15)

11. Prepare a Cash Flow Statement from the following. You may use Direct Method or Indirect Method, but the statement must be in conformity with AS-3.

#### AMD Limited Balance sheet as at 31-12-2012

	Rs. in lakhs		
	2010	2009	
Assets			
Cash on hand and balances with banks	200	25	
Short-term investments	670	135	
Sundry debtors	1,700	1,200	
Interest receivable	100	naithe <del>Ta</del> isi	
Inventories	900	1,950	
Long-term investments	2,500	2,500	
Fixed assets at cost	2,180	1,910	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,450)	(1,060)	
Fixed Assets (net)	730	850	
Total assets	6,800	6,660	
Liabilities			
Sundry creditors	150 b	1,890	
Interest payable Ohotbeth	230	100	
Income taxes payable	400	1,000	
Long-term debt	1,110	1,040	
Total liabilities	1,890	4,030	
Shareholders' Funds		hata ngleto-	
Share capital	1,500	1,250	
Reserves	3,410	1,380	
Total shareholders' funds	4,910	2,630	
Total liabilities and shareholders' funds	6,800	6,660	



#### Statement of Profit and Loss for the period ended 31-12-2012

Since descriptions and the second distribution of the second seco	(Rs. in lakhs)
Sales period muy muny gravollel en mon memerals?	30,650
Cost of sales	(26,000)
Gross profit	4,650
Depreciation PHIS-SY-18 is as fearly construction	(450)
Administrative and selling expenses	(910)
Interest expense	(400)
Interest income	300
Dividend income	200
Foreign exchange loss	(40)
Net profit before taxation and extraordinary item	3,350
Extraordinary item Insurance proceeds from earthquak	e snotdati intin
disaster settlement	180
Net profit after extraordinary item	3,530
Income-tax UCLS IESUON - G	Inémisèval (300)
Net profit	3,230

The following additional information is given: (figures are in Rs. lakhs)

- a) An amount of 250 was raised from the issue of share capital and a further 250 was raised from long term borrowings.
- b) Dividends paid were 1,200.
- c) Tax deducted at source on dividends received (included in the tax expense of 300 for the year) amounted to 40.
- d) During the period, the enterprise acquired fixed assets for 350. The payment was made in cash.
- e) Plant with original cost of 80 and accumulated depreciation of 60 was sold for 20.
- f) Foreign exchange loss of 40 represents the reduction in the carrying amount of a short-term investment in foreign-currency designated bonds arising out of a change in exchange rate between the date of acquisition of the investment and the Balance Sheet date.
- g) Sundry debtors and sundry creditors include amounts relating to credit sales and credit purchases only.



## I Semester M.F.A. Examination, January 2016 (CBCS) O HOUSINGSTOO X-24 MONWY

## FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING

Paper - 1.1 : Accounting Conventions and Standards

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

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1. Answer any seven sub-questions out of ten. Each sub-question carries two marks. Pannill Ist I Inophi (no O but a renow (Vo St right graft) (7×2=14)

- a) How Accounting Standards are enforced in India?
- b) Do you support the view that Government Agencies should set the Accounting Standards?
- c) What is meant by "Accrual" assumption?
- d) List the "events occurring after the balance sheet date".
- e) Under what circumstances, can an enterprise change its Accounting Policies?
- f) Name the three categories of transactions that are covered under AS-11 "Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates".
- g) What is the accounting treatment for post-employment benefits which are in the nature of "Defined Contribution Plans"?
- h) Give four examples of Related Parties for a Company. (a) (a)
- i) How Timing Difference gives rise to Deferred Tax? Give two examples.
- State any two differences between Accounting Standards (in India) and International Accounting Standards (IAS/IFRS).

#### SECTION-B

Answer any four questions out of six. Each question carries five marks.

- 2. Based on AS-2 valuation of inventories answer the following:
  - a) What is Net Realisable Value?
  - b) Explain Cost Formula/ Methods of determine cost of inventories.

3. What is construction contract? Name the two types of construction contracts.
To whom AS-7: Construction Contracts is applicable?

-2-

- List the standards in respect of fixed assets shown in the financial statement at historical cost.
- 5. What are the standards relating to Government Grants under AS 12?
- 6. What is a Finance Lease? Explain the principles of accounting for finance lease in the books of the lessor.
- 7. Distinguish 'Provisions' and 'Contingent Liabilities'.

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Answer any three questions out of five. Each question carries twelve marks. (3×12=36)

- 8. Explain the provisions of AS 6 Depreciation Accounting.
- 9. When do you recognise revenue in respect of the following:
  - a) Guaranteed sales
  - b) Warranty sales
  - c) Consignment sales appropriate and a place bets left to select account which (if
  - d) Installation fee
  - e) Admission fee
  - f) Interest.
- 10. What are the standards relating to investments set out of Accounting for Investments – AS 13?
- 11. What are the conditions to be satisfied for an amalgamation to be considered as Merger? Explain the method of accounting for such amalgamations.



12. Prepare Cash Flow Statement of Aspire Limited in accordance with AS-3 using the direct method from the following summary cash account for the year ending 31st March 2015:

#### **BALANCE SHEET AS ON 31-3-2015**

		Rs. in thousands
Liabilities	As at 31-3-2015	As at 31-3-2014
Share capital	(2) - (1) (5,000	1000,En Proff. belon
Reserves and surplus	2,000	008,1 a. 1,800
Long-term loans	2,000	3,300
Sundry creditors	3,300	2,800
Interest payable	moodim heelta 7 350	250
Income-tax payable	500	350
Proposed Dividend	1,000	800
Total	14,150	12,300
Assets	As at 31-3-2015	As at 31-3-2014
Net fixed assets	6,000	4,500
Long term – investments	1,900	1,800
Inventories	2,000	2,100
Sundry debtors	3,700	3,650
Interest Receivable	250	150
Cash and bank balances	300	averaging 100
Total	14,150	12,300

#### Profit and Loss Account for year Ending 31-3-2015

Income	As at 31-3-2015
Sales	of the Beach apposition many to the market (17,300
Interest	250
Dividend	150
Total – (1)	17,700

Expend	diture administration distribution distribution	As at 31-3-2015	
Cost of sal		nwollo on man borllon loo 1 10,800	
Administra	tive and selling expenses	3,500	
Interest		ENTRE EXPLICACIONALE TRANSPORTE TRANSPORTE 600	
Depreciation	on	800	
Total - (2)		mmem Grania amgar Ag 10/11/15,700	
Net Profit k	pefore taxation (1) – (2)	laligacon 2 000	
Less : Prov	vision for income tax	Angiples of auguigna bits abwisser 800	
Net Profit a	after tax	angoi met un1,200	
	609	Income-tex payable C-150	
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		invintories	
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		Total	
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