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Inviailator's Signature	

CS/MBA (N)/SEM-2 (FT+PT)/MB-202/2012

2012 ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR-II

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct answers for any *ten* of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

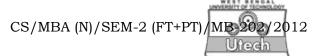
- The conflict handling intention in which one party is more willing to satisfy the interest of the other party is called
 - a) Collaborating
- b) Accommodating
- c) Compromising
- d) Competing.
- ii) An organization structure is called Mechanistic structure with
 - a) Wide span of control, high degree of centralization and formalization
 - b) Narrow span of control, high degree of centralization and formalization
 - c) Wide span of control, low degree of centralization and formalization
 - d) Narrow span of control, low degree of centralization and formalization.

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- iii) Bureaucratic structure is efficient for
 - a) Mass production technology
 - b) Unit production technology
 - c) Continuous process technology
 - d) All of these.
- iv) The role of a leader is to
 - a) Develop a vision of the future and strategies for producing the changes needed to achieve that vision.
 - b) Developing organization structure
 - c) Monitoring results against preset goals
 - d) Allocation of resources to achieve desired goals.
- v) A group that is relatively permanent and is specified in the organizational structure is called
 - a) Command Group
- b) Interest Group
- c) Reference Group
- d) Task Group.
- vi) The situation in which group pressures for conformity deter the group from critically appraising unusual, minority, or unpopular views is called
 - a) Group Shift
- b) Group Think
- c) Group Norms
- d) None of these.
- vii) Which one of the following is not a leadership style according to Robert J. House's Path Goal Theory?
 - a) Supportive
- b) Participative
- c) Achievement-oriented d) Selling.
- viii) Which one of the following is the primary situational factor of Hersey-Blanchard Model?
 - a) Leader-Member relationship
 - b) Task structure
 - c) Maturity of followers
 - d) Authority of manager.



- ix) The Chain Effect of Change is also known as
 - a) Domino Effect
- b) Planned Effect
- c) Action Research Effect d) Intervention Effect.
- x) Which one the following is not a step of Lewin's 3-Step Model of Change?
 - a) Movement
- b) Unfreeze

c) Freeze

- d) Refreeze.
- xi) Henry Mintzberg described 10 different interrelated managerial roles. Which one of the following is not among the 10 managerial roles defined by him?
 - a) Resource allocator
- b) Disseminator
- c) Entrepreneur
- d) Conflict manager.
- xii) Work Specialization refers to
 - a) Degree to which activities are subdivided into separate jobs.
 - b) Basis of which similar jobs are grouped together
 - c) Degree to which jobs within the organization are standardized
 - d) Degree to which decision making is concentrated at a single point.

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 2. What do you mean by managerial functions? What are the various skills required by managers at various levels in an organization's hierarchy?
- 3. What do you mean by Matrix organizational structure?

 Describe their merits & demerits.

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- 4. What do you mean by barriers of organizational communication? How can they be removed?
- 5. Describe Blake & Mouton's Managerial Grid Theory of Leadership with suitable examples.
- 6. Make a distinction between mechanistic model and organic model of organization structure.

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 7. What are the primary characteristics that capture the essence of organization's culture? Briefly describe the relationship between organization culture, performance and satisfaction.
- 8. What do you mean by group cohesiveness? Discuss in detail the causes and consequences of group cohesiveness in an organization.
- 9. What are the forces leading to change? Why is change resisted? Describe Kotter's eight-step plan for implementing change in an organization.
- 10. a) What are the determinants of organizational design?
 - b) How does organizational culture differ from organizational climate?
 - c) A leader is the product of the situation and the task. Critically explain. 5 + 5 + 5
- 11. Write short notes on any three:

 3×5

- a) Johari window
- b) Theory Z
- c) OD intervention
- d) Organisational Politics
- e) Managerial Roles propagated by Henry Mintz berg.