

SET-1

I B.TECH – EXAMINATIONS, JUNE - 2011 MATHEMATICAL METHODS (COMMON TO EEE, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT, ICE)

Time: 3hours

Max.Marks:80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1.a) Apply Newton Raphson method to find an approximate root, correct to three decimal places, of the equation $x^3 3x 5 = 0$, which lies near x = 2.
 - b) Using Gauss's Forward Interpolation formula estimate f(32), given f(25) = 0.2707, f(30) = 0.3027, f(35) = 0.3386, f(40) = 0.3794. [16]

2.a) Evaluate the following integrals by Simpson's one-third rule $\int_{0}^{3} \cos^2 x dx$, (n = 6)

b) A rocket is launched from the ground. Its acceleration is registered during the first 80 seconds and is given in the table below. Using Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rule, find the velocity of the rocket at t = 80 seconds. [16]

t(sec)	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
$f(cm/sec^2)$	30	31.63	33.34	35.47	37.75	40.33	43.25	46.69	50.67

- 3. Use Milne's method to find y(0.3) from $y' = x^2 + y^2$, y(0) = 1. Find the initial values y(-0.1), y(0.1) and y(0.2) from the Taylor's series method. [16]
- 4.a) By reducing the marks $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$ in to normal form, find its rank.

b) Find an LU decomposition of the matrix A and solve the linear system AX = B. $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 12 & -6 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -33 \\ 7 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}.$ [16]

Find the characteristic roots of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and the corresponding 5.a) eigen vectors. **ר** г

b) Find the inverse of the matrix
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 by using Cayley-Hamiltom Theorem. [16]

Find the eigen vectors of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and hence reduce 6. 6.

$$(x^2 + 3y^2 + 3z^2 - 2yz + 4zx - 4xy)$$
 to a sum of squares. [16]

Expand $f(x) = e^{-x}$ as a Fourier Series in the interval (-1, 1). 7.a)

b)
$$F\{x^n f(x)\} = (-i)^n \frac{d^n}{dP^n} [F(P)].$$
 [16]

8.a) Solve
$$p^2 + q^2 = x^2 + y^2$$
.
b) Find the Z – transform of $n^2 e^{n\theta}$. [16]



SET-2

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1. Use Milne's method to find y(0.3) from $y' = x^2 + y^2$, y(0) = 1. Find the initial values y(-0.1), y(0.1) and y(0.2) from the Taylor's series method. [16]

2.a) By reducing the marks
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$
 in to normal form, find its rank.

- b) Find an LU decomposition of the matrix A and solve the linear system AX = B. $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 12 & -6 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -33 \\ 7 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}.$ [16]
- 3.a) Find the characteristic roots of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and the corresponding eigen vectors.

b) Find the inverse of the matrix
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 by using Cayley-Hamilton Theorem.
[16]

4. Find the eigen vectors of the matrix
$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and hence reduce
 $6x^2 + 3y^2 + 3z^2 - 2yz + 4zx - 4xy$ to a sum of squares. [16]

5.a) Expand
$$f(x) = e^{-x}$$
 as a Fourier Series in the interval (-1, 1).

b)
$$F\{x^n f(x)\} = (-i)^n \frac{d^n}{dP^n} [F(P)].$$
 [16]

- 6.a) Solve $p^2 + q^2 = x^2 + y^2$.
 - b) Find the Z transform of $n^2 e^{n\theta}$.
- 7.a) Apply Newton Raphson method to find an approximate root, correct to three decimal places, of the equation $x^3 3x 5 = 0$, which lies near x = 2.

[16]

- b) Using Gauss's Forward Interpolation formula estimate f(32), given f(25) = 0.2707, f(30) = 0.3027, f(35) = 0.3386, f(40) = 0.3794. [16]
- 8.a) Evaluate the following integrals by Simpson's one-third rule $\int_{0}^{3} \cos^2 x dx$, (n = 6)
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[16]

2. Find the eigen vectors of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and hence reduce

$$6x^2 + 3y^2 + 3z^2 - 2yz + 4zx - 4xy$$
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3.a) Expand
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b) Find an LU decomposition of the matrix A and solve the linear system AX = B.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 12 & -6 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -33 \\ 7 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}.$$
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SET-4

[16]

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8. Find the eigen vectors of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and hence reduce $6x^2 + 3y^2 + 3z^2 - 2yz + 4zx - 4xy$ to a sum of squares. [16]